

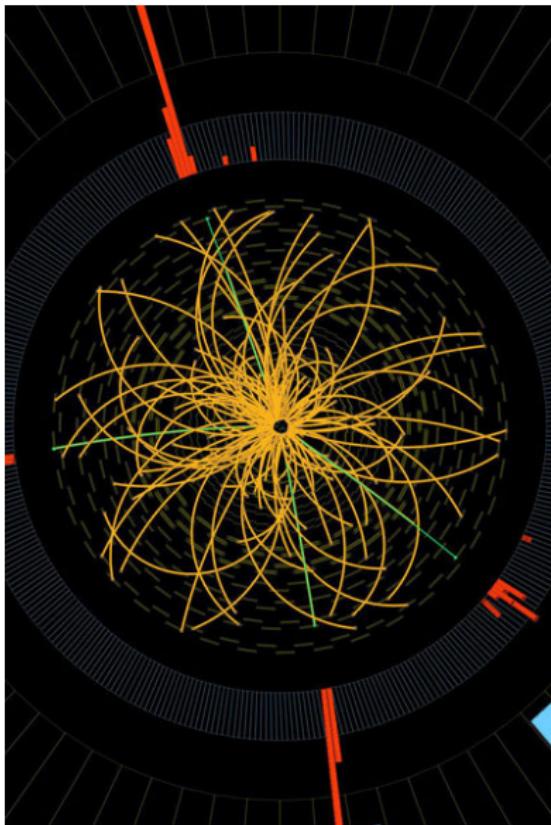
# Search for the Higgs boson candidate with the CMS Experiment at the LHC

Detailed look at  $H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$  decay  
and general status as of Moriond 2013

Piet Verwilligen

INFN Sezione di Bari

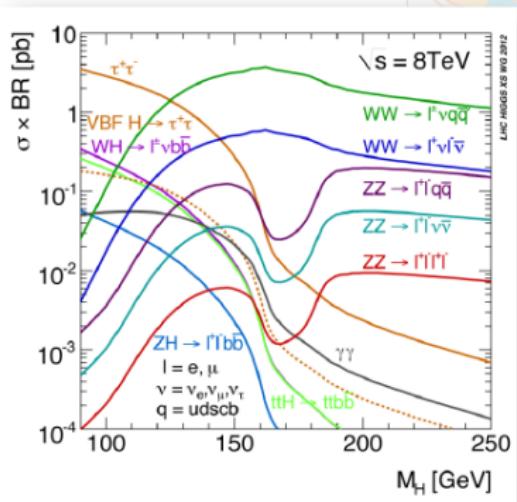
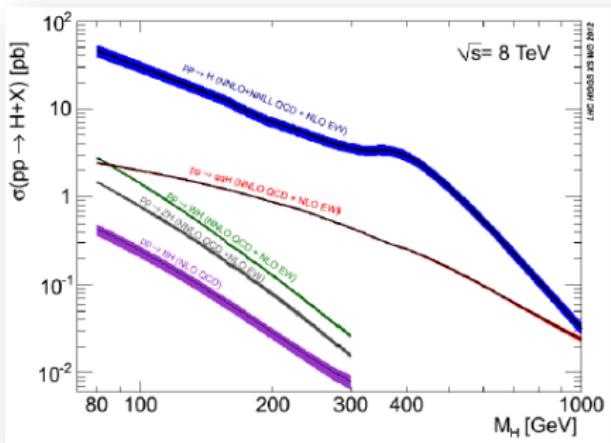
March 15<sup>th</sup> 2013, Puebla, Mexico



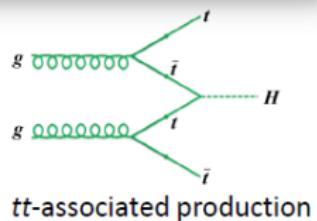
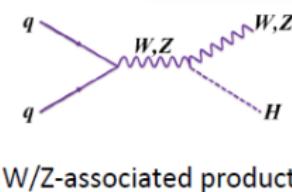
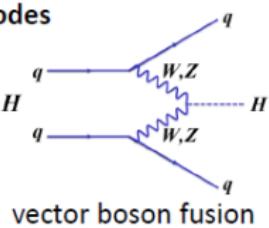
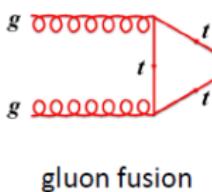
# Outline

- ▶ SM Higgs Boson
- ▶ Ingredients:
  - ▶ Large Hadron Collider
  - ▶ CMS Collaboration
  - ▶ Compact Muon Solenoid
- ▶  $H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$ 
  - ▶ Analysis
  - ▶ Mass and Couplings
  - ▶ Spin and Parity
- ▶ Moriond 2013 Status

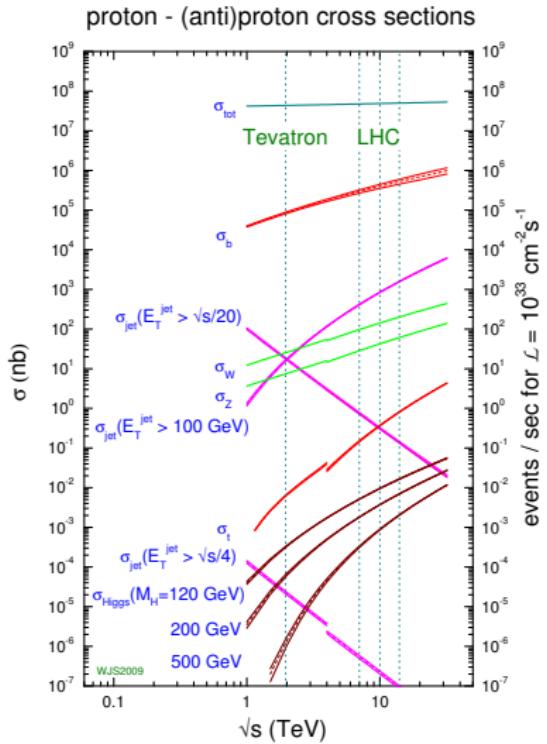
# Higgs production and decays



## SM scalar production modes



# Large Hadron Collider

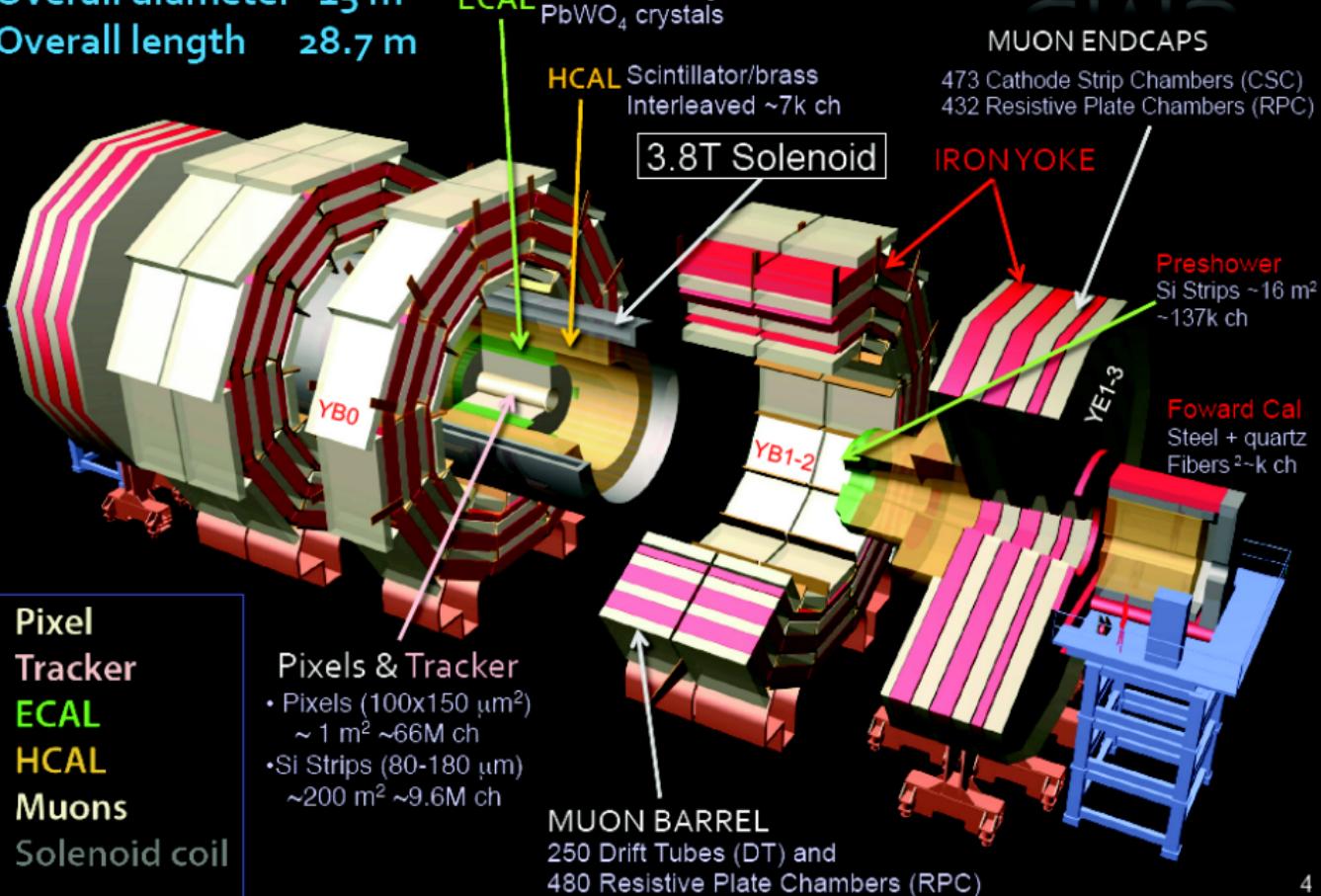


# CMS Collaboration

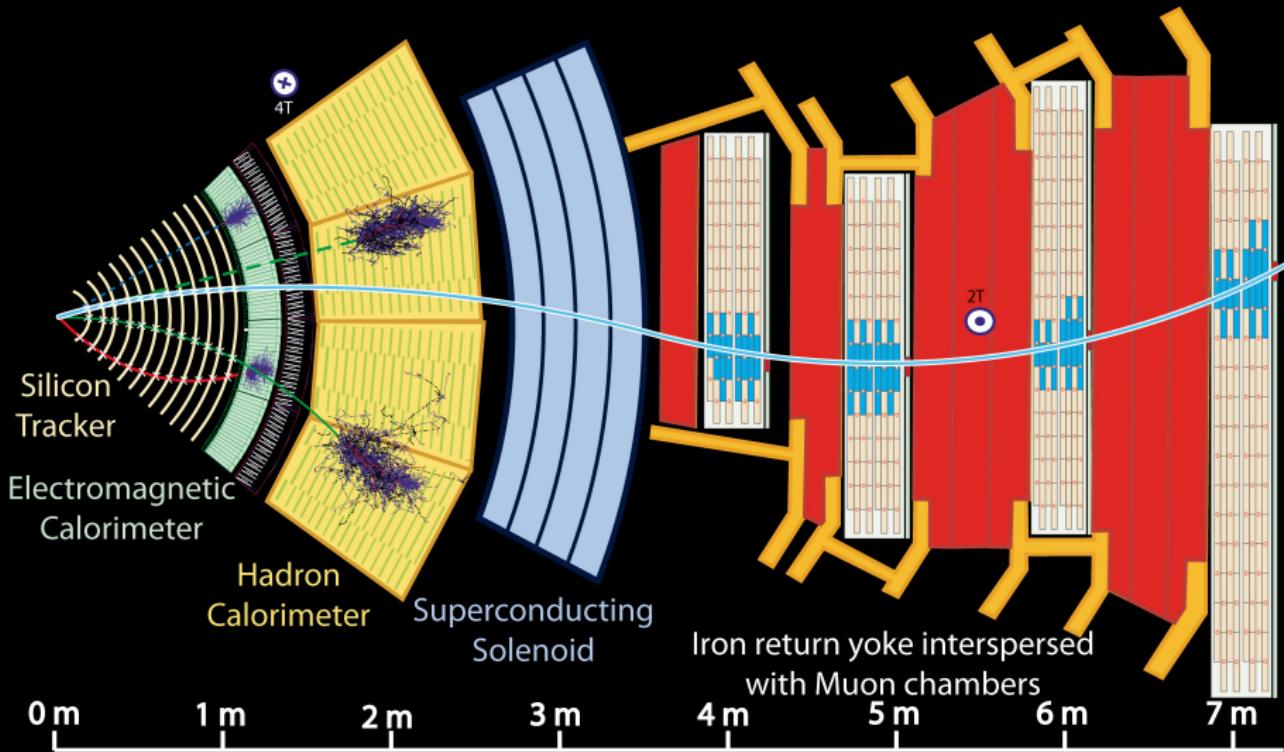


a Huge amount of work done by many, many people ( $\sim 3000$ )

Total weight 14000 t  
 Overall diameter 15 m  
 Overall length 28.7 m



Pixel  
Tracker  
**ECAL**  
**HCAL**  
Muons  
Solenoid coil



Key:

Muon

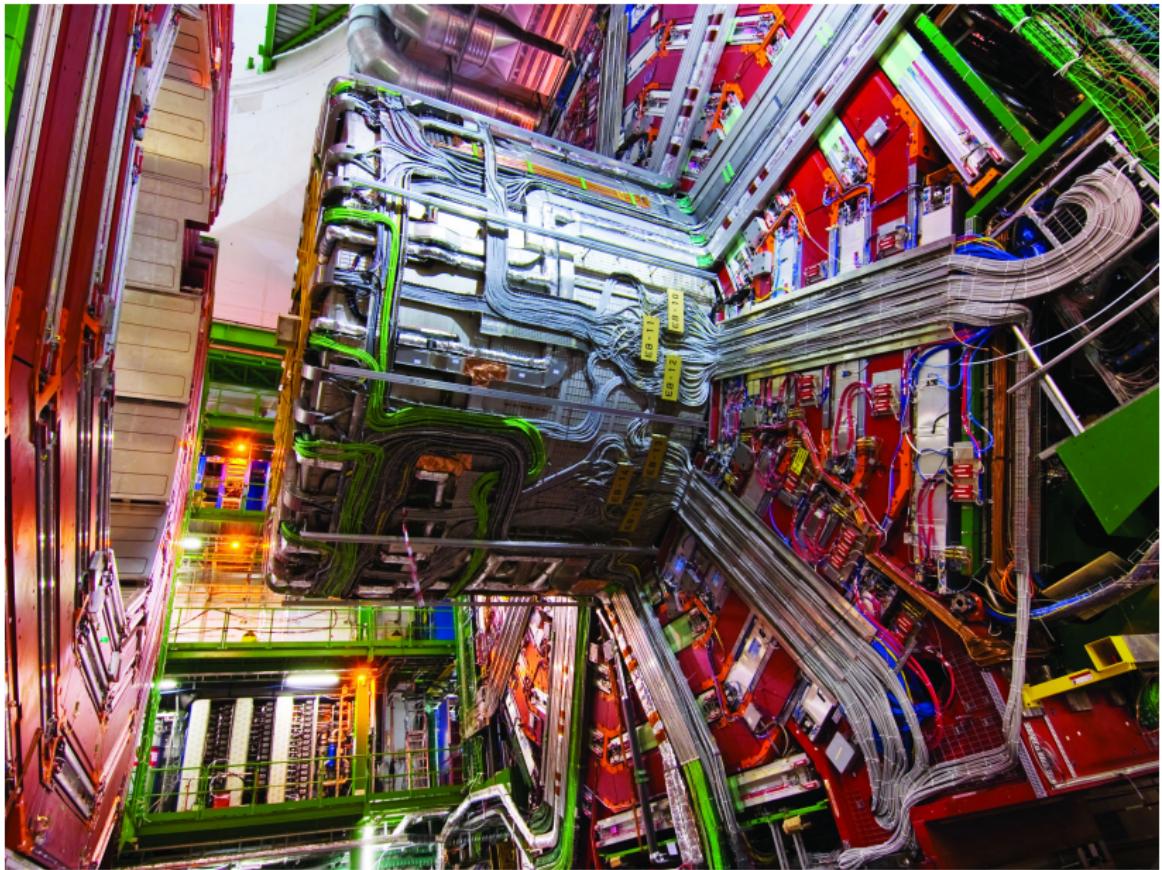
Electron

Charged Hadron (e.g. Pion)

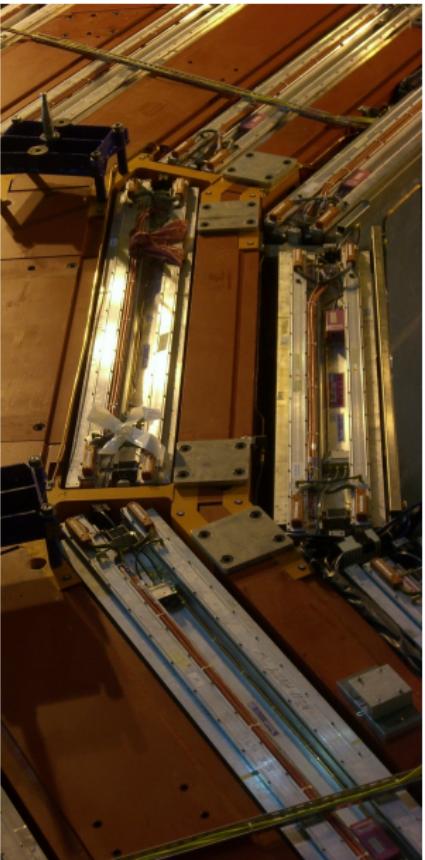
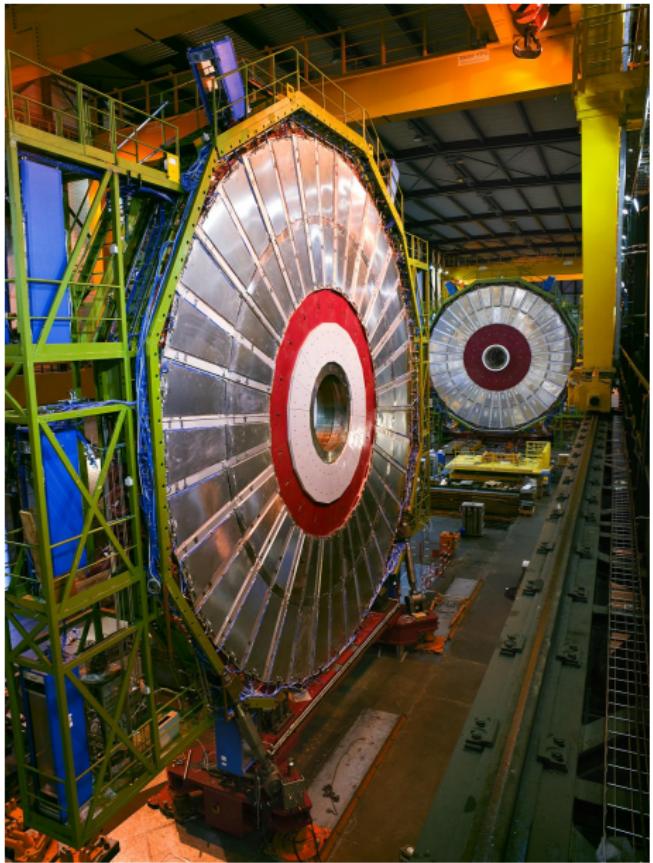
Neutral Hadron (e.g. Neutron)

Photon

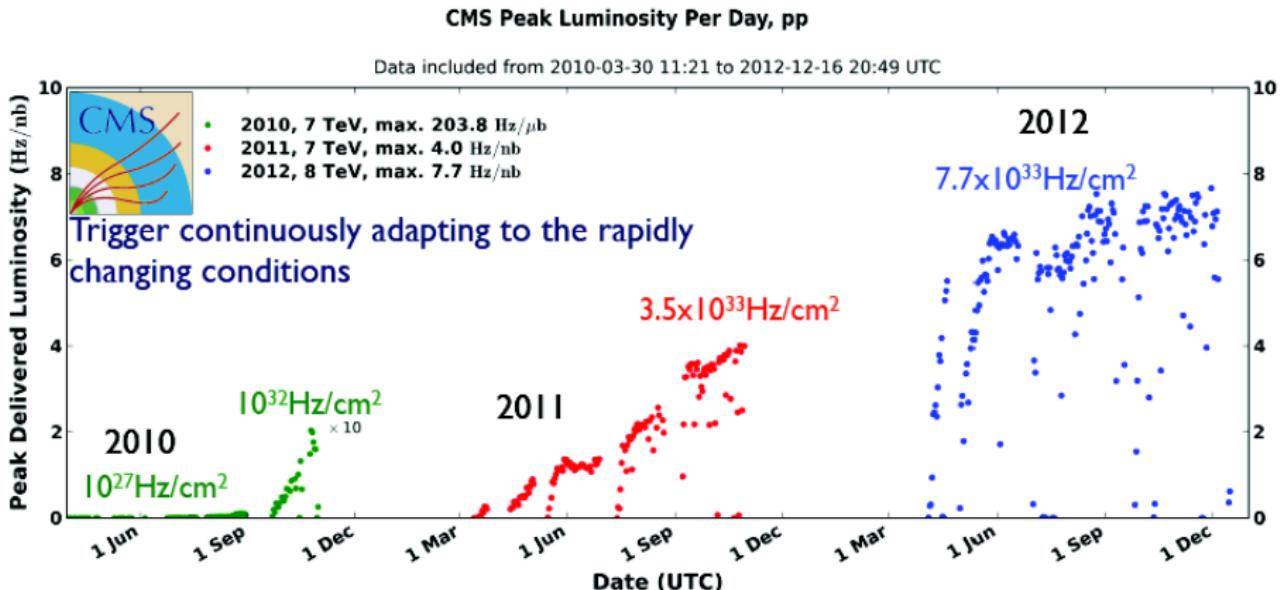
# Readout Cables – Cooling – Gas – HV – LV



# Resistive Plate Chambers



# CMS instantaneous luminosity



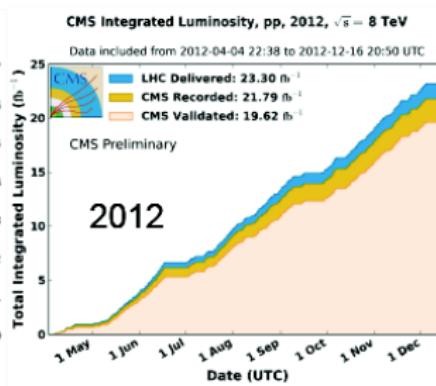
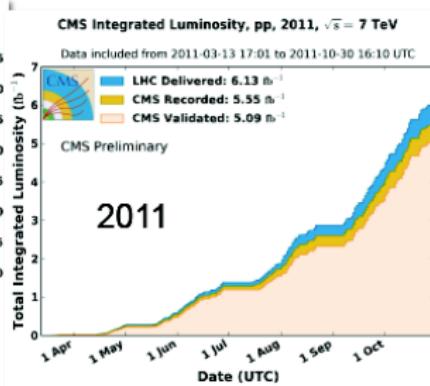
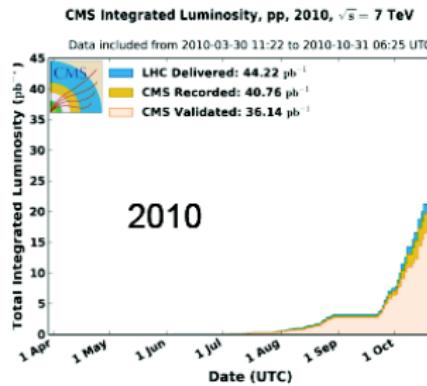
In 2010: luminosity increased by 5 orders of magnitude

In 2011: instantaneous luminosity reached 40% of the nominal LHC luminosity

In 2012: The LHC reached 77% of the nominal luminosity



# Data taking efficiency and data validated



## Data taking efficiency

Increased in 2012 due to development of automatic recovery procedures

## Data validated

Very stable over time ~90%

Period	$\sqrt{s}$ [GeV]	Delivered luminosity [ $\text{fb}^{-1}$ ]	Data taking efficiency [%]	Data validated [%]
2010	7	0.044	92.2	88.6
2011	7	6.13	90.5	90.1
2012	8	23.20	93.5	90.0

CMS

E

CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN

Data recorded: Mon May 28 01:16:20 2012 CEST

Run/Event: 195098/13540125

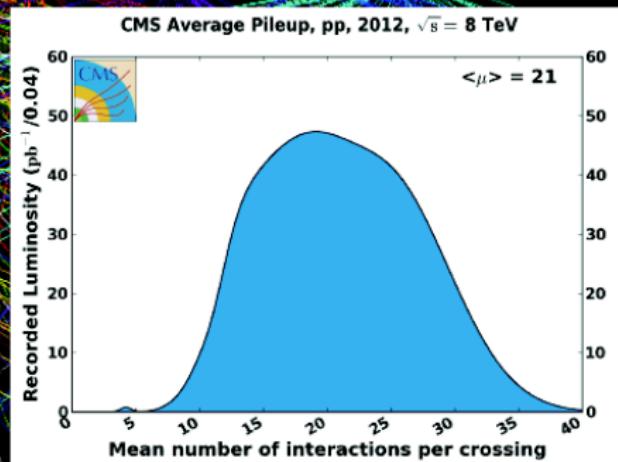
Lumi section: 65

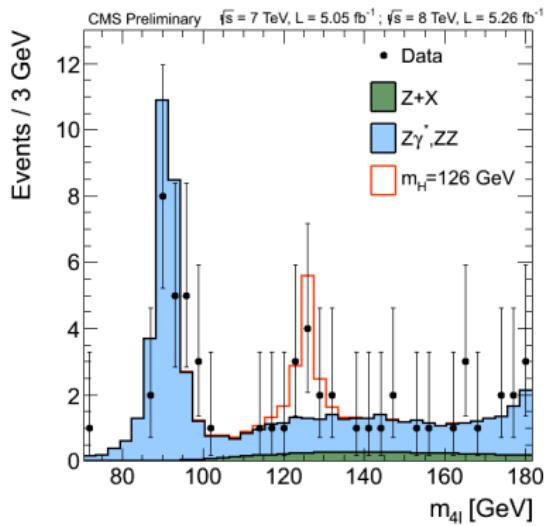
Orbit/Crossing: 16992111 / 2295

CMS design value: 25 pile up  
events at luminosity  $10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$   
and 25 ns bunch spacing

# The challenge in 2012

Raw  $\Sigma E_T \sim 2 \text{ TeV}$   
14 jets with  $E_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$   
Estimated PU  $\sim 50$





$H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$

# Introduction - Event Selection

## leptons

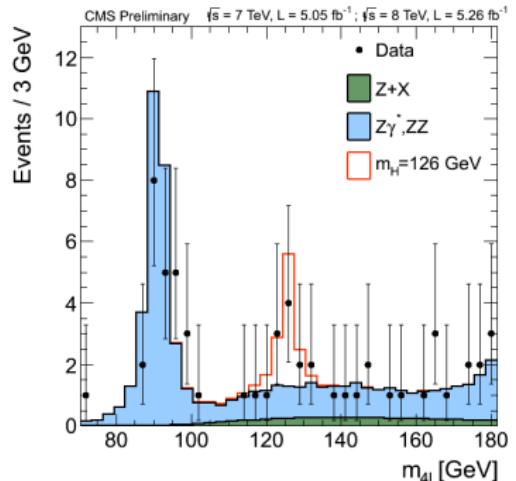
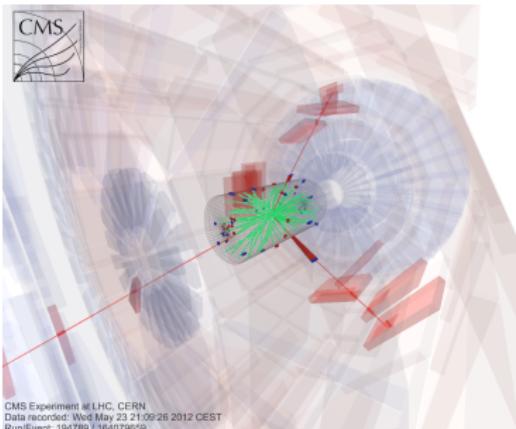
- ▶  $p_T(\mu) > 5 \text{ GeV}/c$ ,  $\eta^\mu < 2.4$
- ▶  $p_T(e) > 7 \text{ GeV}/c$ ,  $\eta^e < 2.5$
- ▶  $| \frac{\sigma_{IP}}{IP} | < 4.0$        $I_{\text{rel}}^{\text{PF}} < 0.4$

## signal

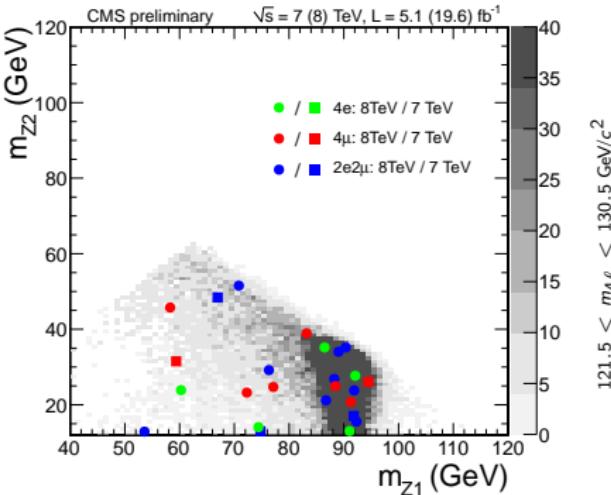
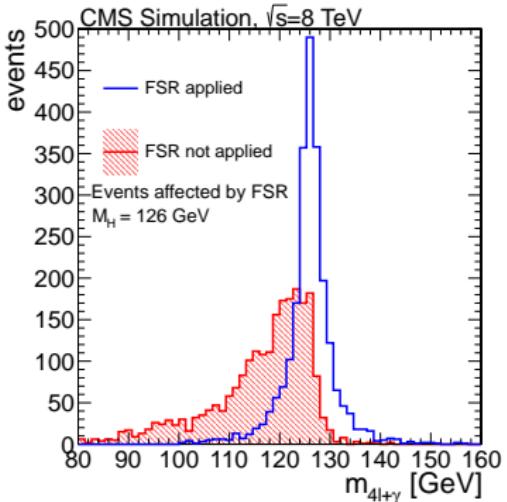
- ▶ Narrow resonance
- $\mathcal{O}(2 - 4 \text{ GeV}/c^2)$

## background

- ▶  $Z + X$  (reducible)
  - ▶  $Z + \text{jets}$
  - ▶  $Z + bb$
  - ▶ estimated from data
- ▶  $ZZ$  (irreducible)
  - ▶ estimated from MC



# Building $4\ell$ candidates

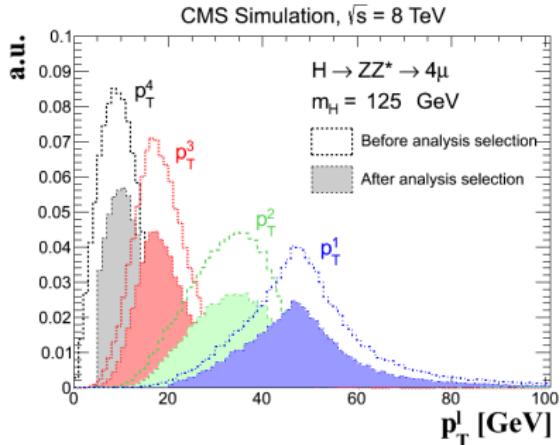


- ▶  $Z$  candidates formed from  $\ell^+\ell^-$  pair of same flavour
- ▶ FSR recovery:  
 $|m_{\ell\ell\gamma} - m_Z| < |m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z|$
- ▶  $\exists \ell_a$  with  $p_T(\ell_a) > 20$  GeV/c
- ▶  $\exists \ell_b$  with  $p_T(\ell_b) > 10$  GeV/c

- ▶  $40 < m_{Z_1} < 120$  GeV/c $^2$
- ▶  $Z_1$  closest to PDG mass  $Z$
- ▶  $12 < m_{Z_2} < 120$  GeV/c $^2$
- ▶  $Z_2$  with highest  $p_T$

$$m_{4\ell} > 100 \text{ GeV}/c^2 \text{ } \& \forall \ell : m_{2\ell} > 4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

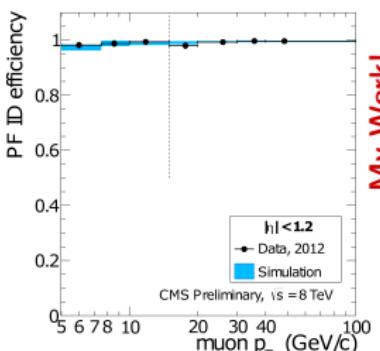
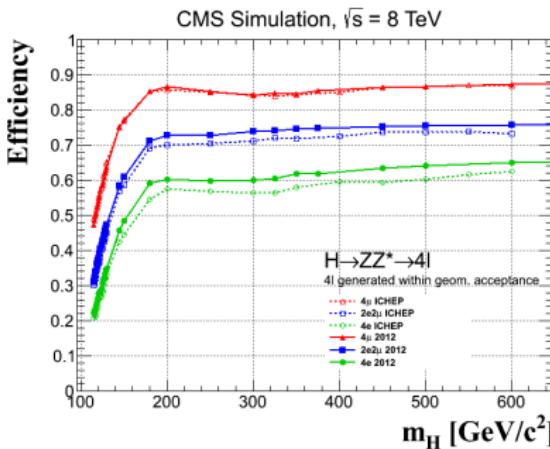
# Lepton Selection



one on-shell  $Z \Rightarrow$  hard  $\ell$   
 one off-shell  $Z \Rightarrow$  soft  $\ell$ :  
 ▶ 50% below  $10 \text{ GeV}/c$

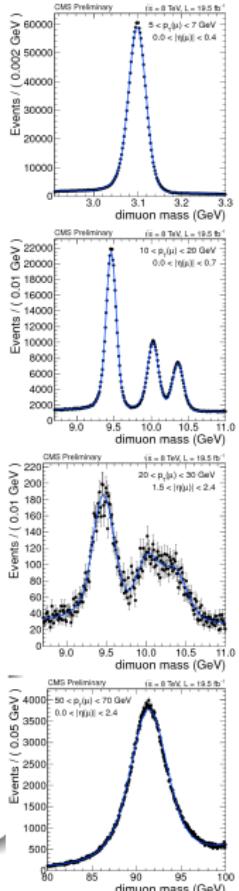
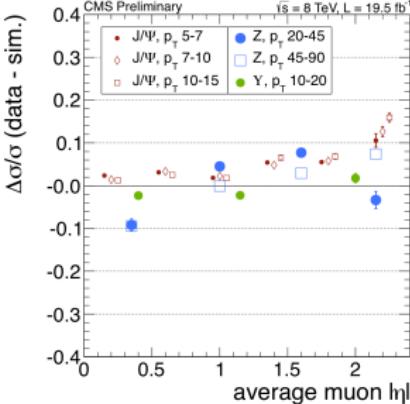
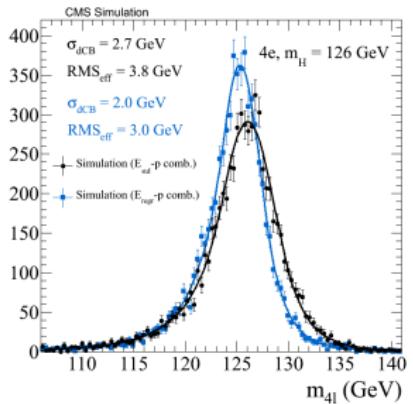
this is a big **Challenge**

- ▶ background rate
- ▶ selection efficiency



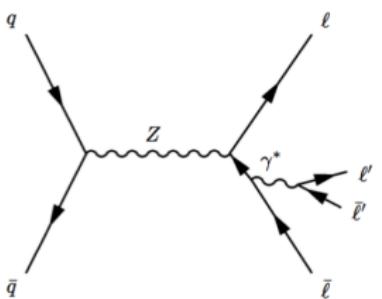
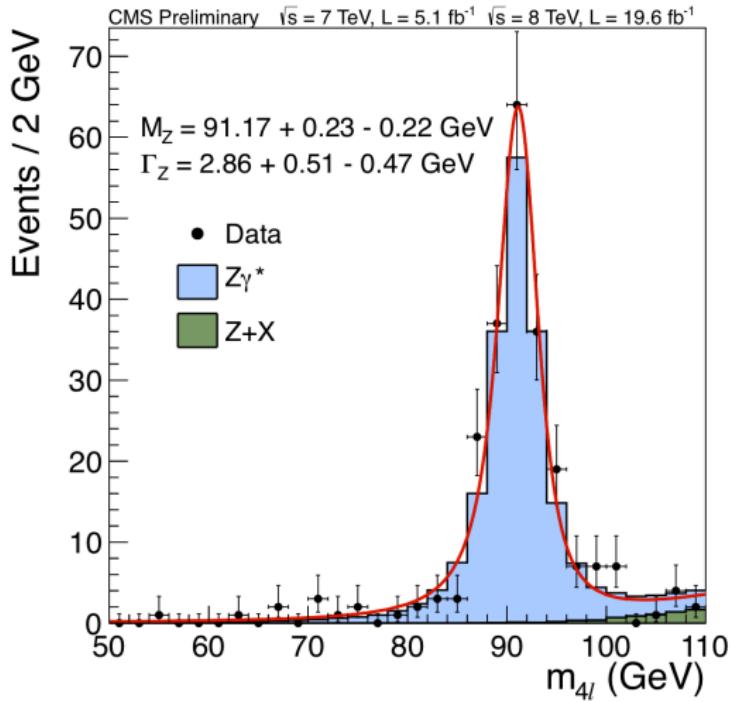
My Work!

# Lepton Resolution and Scale



- ▶  $e$  :: Momentum Regression in ECAL
  - ▶ BDT trained on DY MC leads to 10% improvement
- ▶  $e$  :: Momentum Scale: using  $Z, J/\Psi \rightarrow ee$
- ▶  $\mu$  :: Resolution & Scale: improved by correction of Tracker Misalignment ( $\langle 1/p_T \rangle$ )
- ▶  $\mu$  :: Validation on  $J/\Psi, Y$  and  $Z$  decays

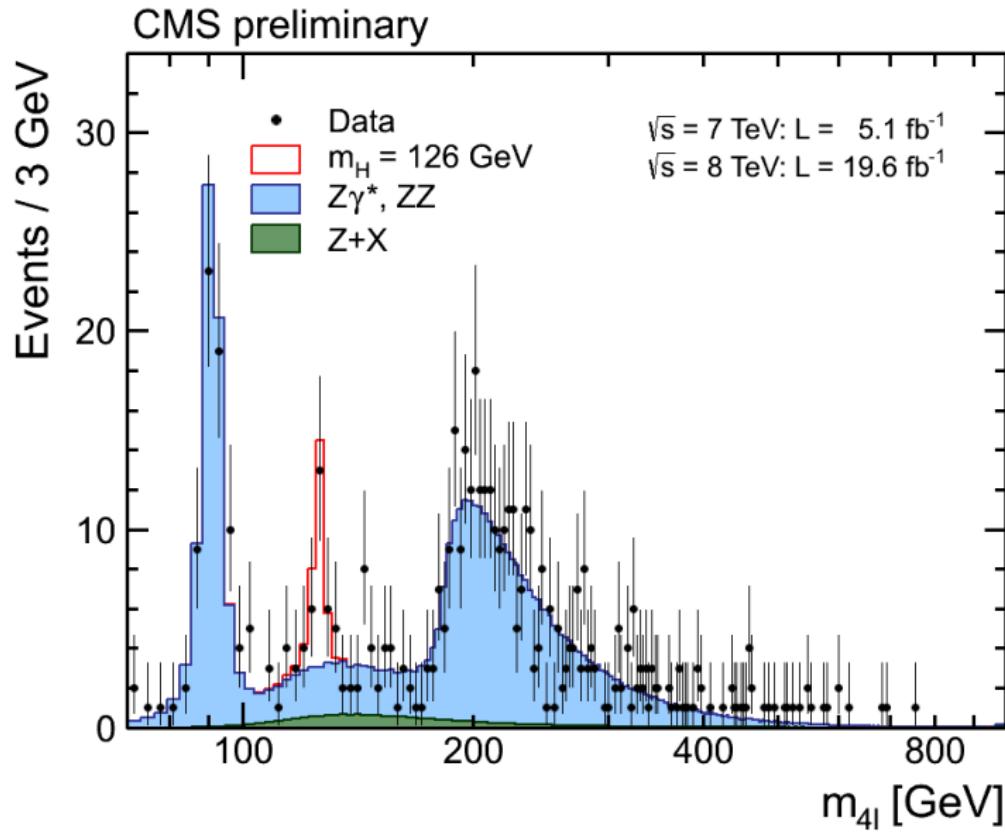
# Cross Check: Precise Measurement of $Z \rightarrow 4\ell$



- ▶ First observation at CMS
- ▶ JHEP 12 (2012) 034
- ▶ Same Fit procedure as for  $m_{4\ell}$
- ▶ Good Data/MC agreement on width

▶  $M_Z = 91.1876 \pm 0.0021 \text{ GeV}/c^2$       ▶  $\Gamma_Z = 2.4952 \pm 0.0023 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  [PDG]

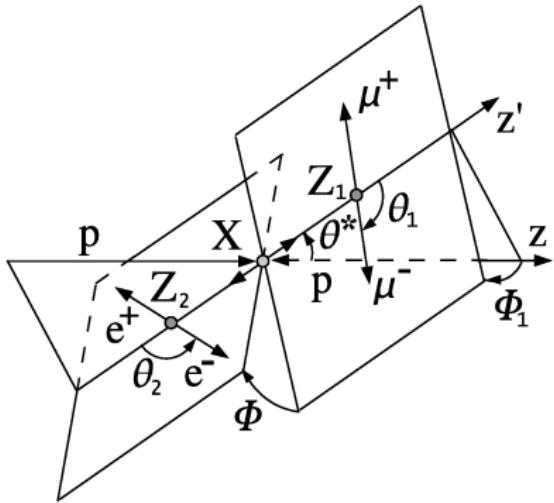
# $m_{4\ell}$ distribution

**Animation!**

▶ Slow Animation

▶ Fast Animation

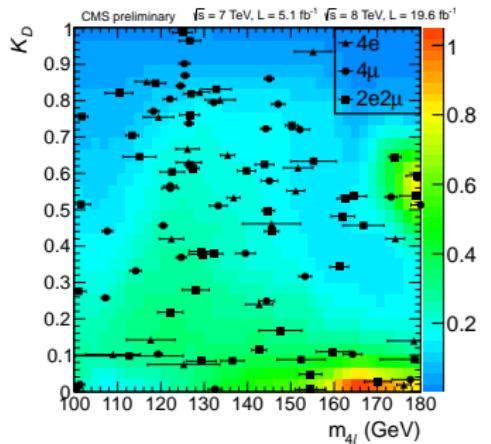
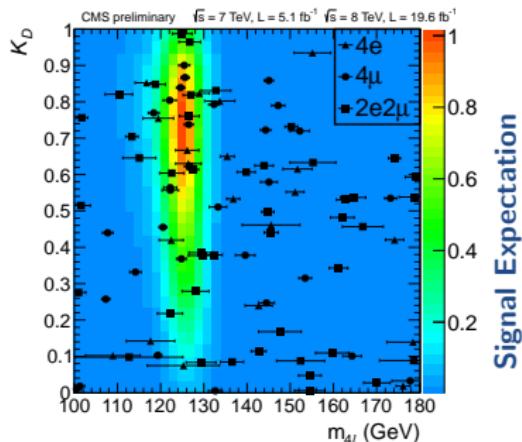
# Kinematic Analysis



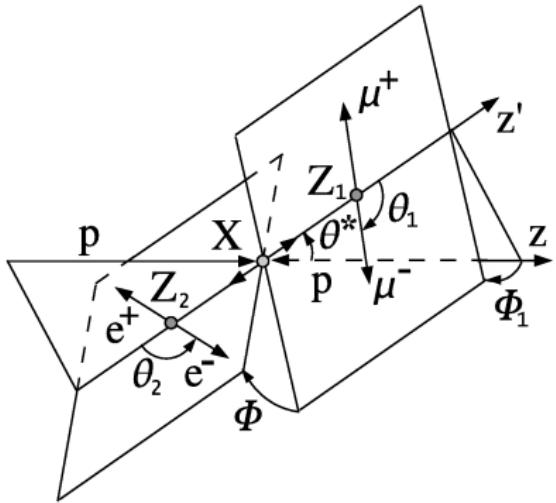
Improve **Signal to Background**  
discrimination by the use of  
kinematic information

$$K_D = \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}}}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}} + \mathcal{P}_{\text{bkg}}} = \left[ 1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{bkg}}(m_1, m_2, \vec{\Omega} | m_{4\ell})}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}}(m_1, m_2, \vec{\Omega} | m_{4\ell})} \right]^{-1}$$

$$\vec{\Omega} = (\theta^*, \Phi_1, \theta_1, \theta_2, \Phi)$$



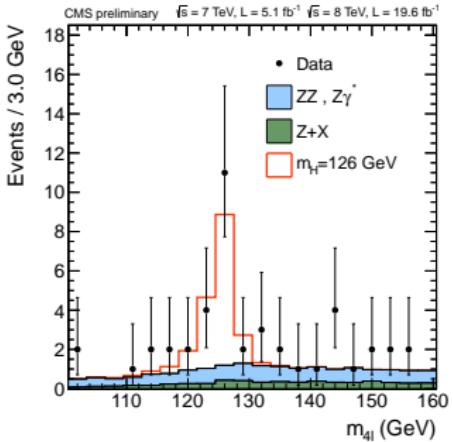
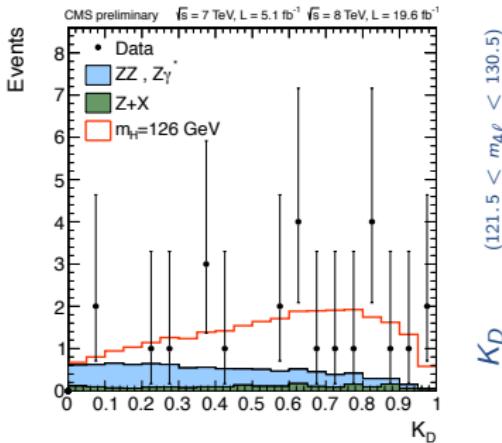
# Kinematic Analysis



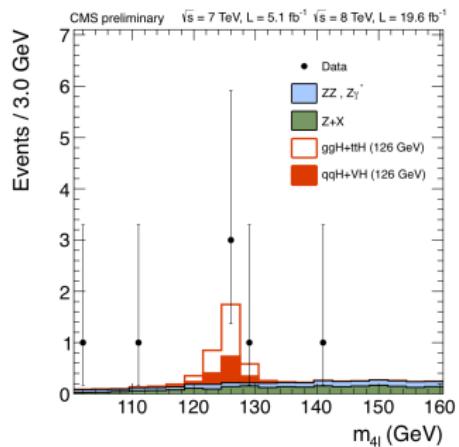
Improve **Signal to Background**  
discrimination by the use of  
kinematic information

$$K_D = \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}}}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}} + \mathcal{P}_{\text{bkg}}} = \left[ 1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{bkg}}(m_1, m_2, \vec{\Omega} | m_{4\ell})}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}}(m_1, m_2, \vec{\Omega} | m_{4\ell})} \right]^{-1}$$

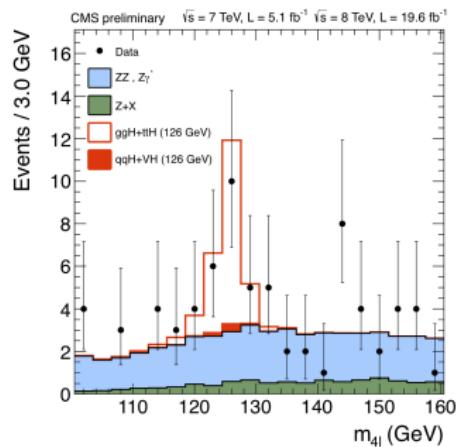
$$\vec{\Omega} = (\theta^*, \phi_1, \theta_1, \theta_2, \Phi)$$



# Probing the Production Mechanisms



**dijet tagged**

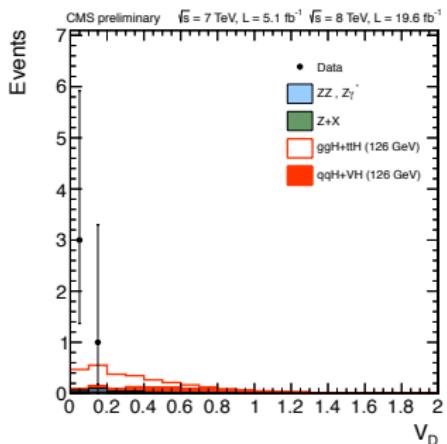


**untagged**

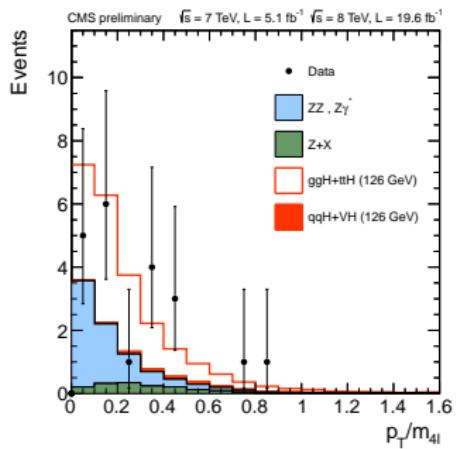
- ▶  $\geq 2\text{jets}$
- ▶ Sensitive to  $VH$  and  $qqH$
- ▶ measure **Boson** Couplings
- ▶ 25% VBF ( $qqH$ )
- ▶ Discriminant:  $v_D(\Delta\eta_{ij}, M_{ij})$

- ▶  $< 2\text{jets}$
- ▶ Sensitive to  $ggH$  and  $ttH$
- ▶ measure **Fermion** Couplings
- ▶ 5% VBF ( $qqH$ )
- ▶ Discriminant:  $\frac{p_T(4\ell)}{m_{4\ell}}$

# Probing the Production Mechanisms



**dijet tagged**

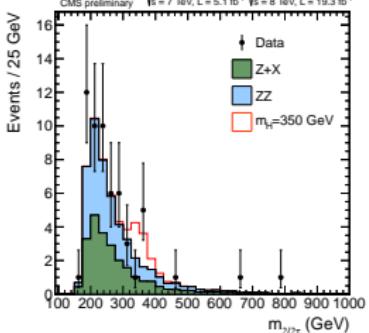
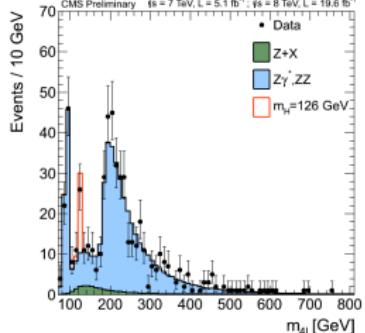


**untagged**

- ▶  $\geq 2\text{jets}$
- ▶ Sensitive to  $VH$  and  $qqH$
- ▶ measure **Boson** Couplings
- ▶ 25% VBF ( $qqH$ )
- ▶ Discriminant:  $V_D(\Delta\eta_{ij}, M_{ij})$

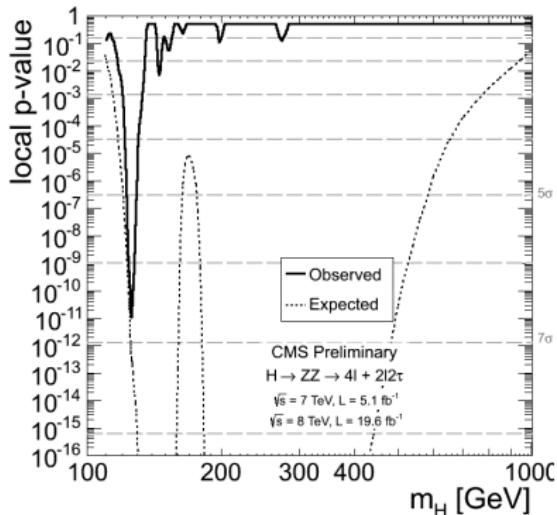
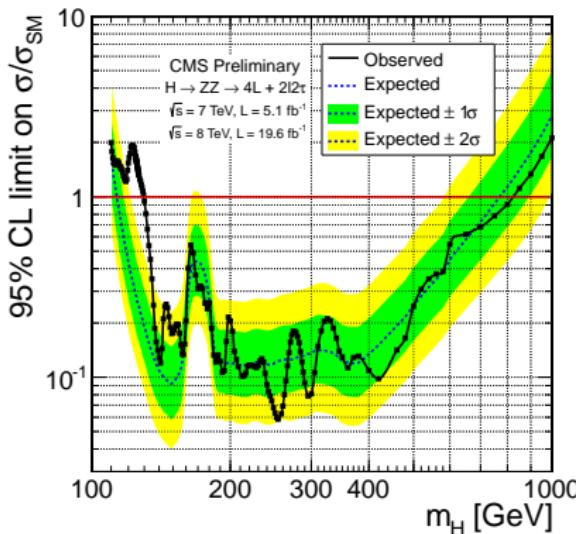
- ▶  $< 2\text{jets}$
- ▶ Sensitive to  $ggH$  and  $ttH$
- ▶ measure **Fermion** Couplings
- ▶ 5% VBF ( $qqH$ )
- ▶ Discriminant:  $\frac{p_T(4\ell)}{m_{4\ell}}$

# Significance: $4\ell + 2\ell 2\tau$

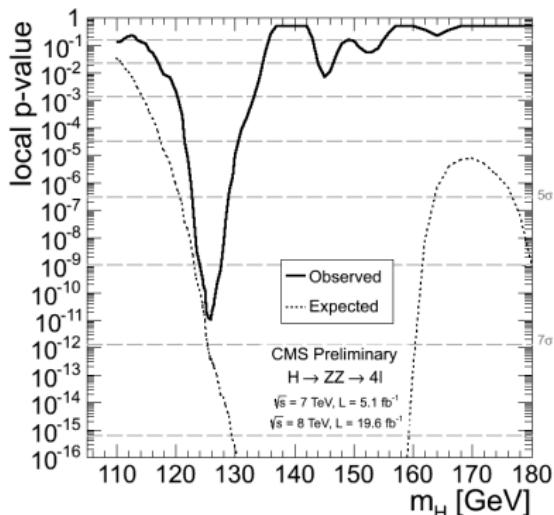
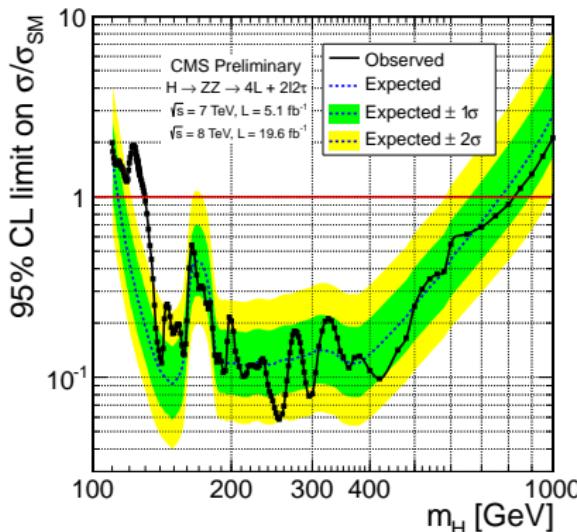
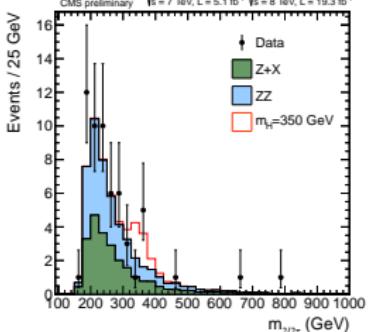
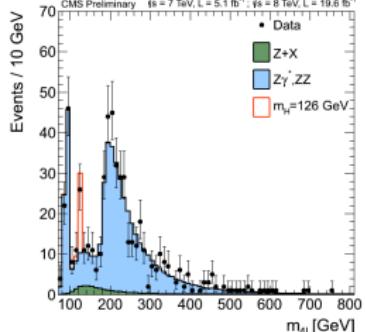


$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2\tau$

- ▶ no overlap  $4\ell$  and  $2\ell 2\tau$
- ▶  $Z_1 \rightarrow \ell_a \ell_b$      $Z_2 \rightarrow \tau \tau$
- ▶ hadronic & leptonic  $\tau$
- ▶ 8 final states
- ▶  $6.7\sigma$  ( $7.2\sigma$  expected)
- ▶  $130-839 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  excl.



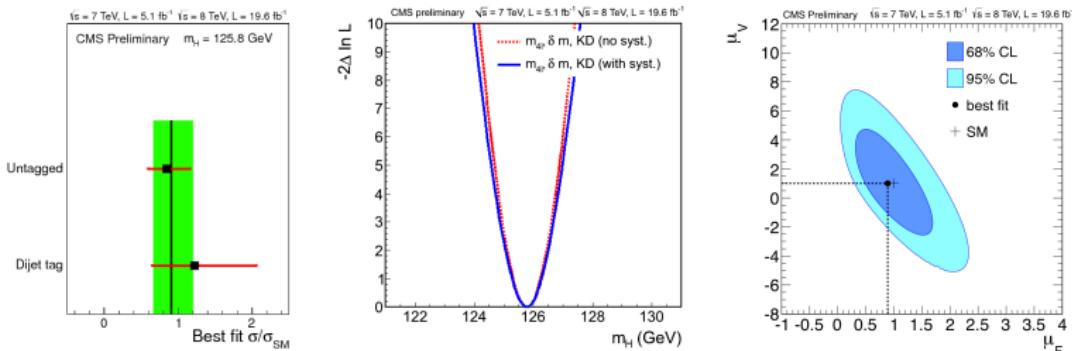
# Significance: $4\ell + 2\ell 2\tau$



$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2\tau$

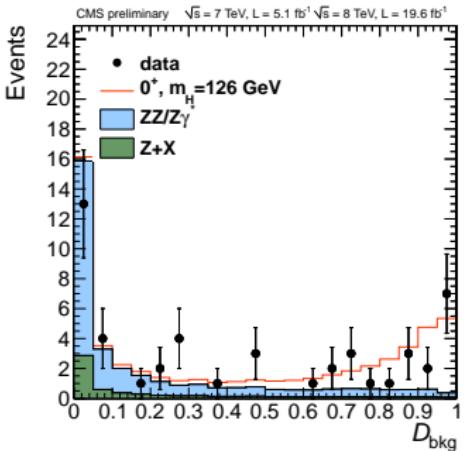
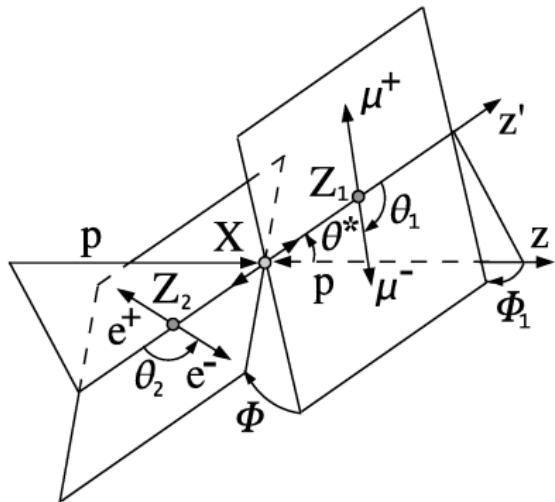
- ▶ no overlap  $4\ell$  and  $2\ell 2\tau$
- ▶  $Z_1 \rightarrow \ell_a \ell_b$     $Z_2 \rightarrow \tau \tau$
- ▶ hadronic & leptonic  $\tau$
- ▶ 8 final states
- ▶  $6.7\sigma$  ( $7.2\sigma$  expected)
- ▶  $130-839 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  excl.

# Signal Strength - Mass - Production Mechanisms



- ▶ **Signal Strength** (w.r.t. the expectation for a SM Higgs boson):  
 $\mu = 0.91^{+0.30}_{-0.24}$  at  $125.8 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- ▶ **Mass Measurement** (3D fit using  $m_{4\ell}$ ,  $\sigma(m_{4\ell})$ ,  $K_D$ ):  
 $m_H = 125.78 \pm 0.48 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.15 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- ▶ **Production Mechanisms Measurement**  
(2D fit using  $\mu_V$  and  $\mu_F$  at  $125.8 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ ):
  - ▶ Bosonic signal strength modifier ( $qqH$  and  $VH$ ):  $\mu_V = 1.0^{+2.4}_{-2.3}$
  - ▶ Fermionic signal strength modifier ( $ggH$  and  $ttH$ ):  $\mu_F = 0.9^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$

# Spin-Parity Measurement



## Models

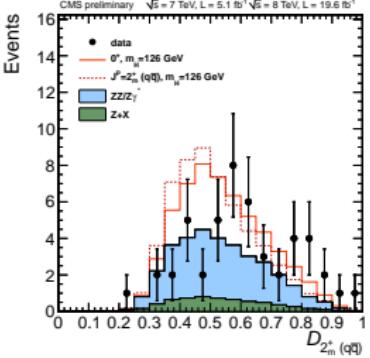
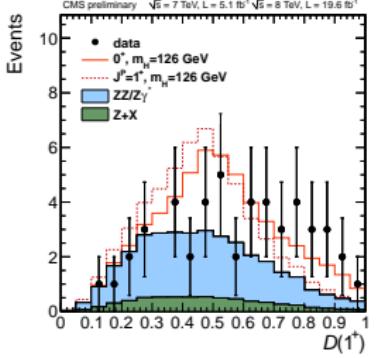
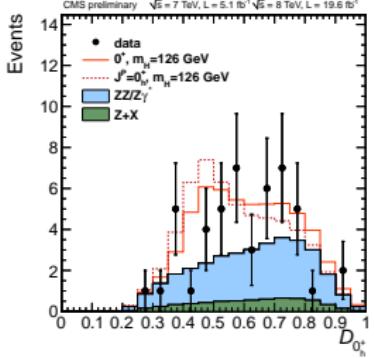
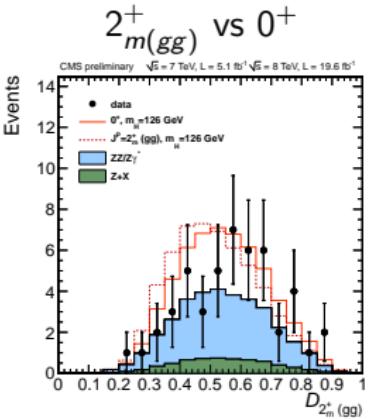
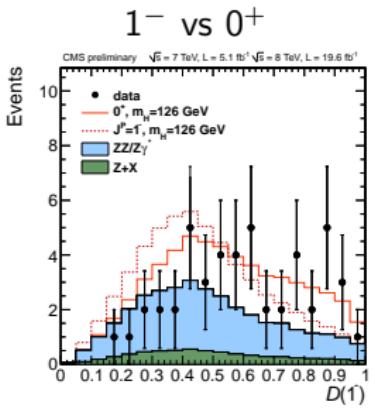
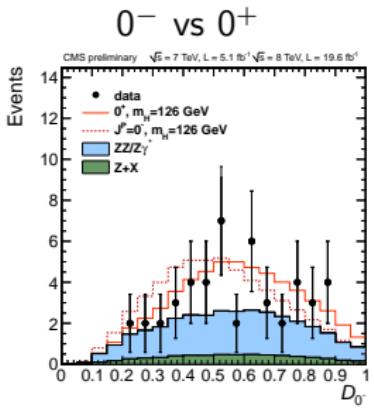
$$\mathcal{D}_{\text{bkg}} = \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}}}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}} + \mathcal{P}_{\text{bkg}}} = K_D$$

$$\mathcal{D}_{JP} = \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{SM}}}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{P}_{JP}} = \left[ 1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{JP}(m_1, m_2, \vec{\Omega} | m_{4\ell})}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{SM}}(m_1, m_2, \vec{\Omega} | m_{4\ell})} \right]$$

$J^P$	production	comment
$0^-$	$gg \rightarrow X$	pseudoscalar
$0^+_h$	$gg \rightarrow X$	higher dim operators
$2^+_m(gg)$	$gg \rightarrow X$	minimal couplings
$2^+_m(q\bar{q})$	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow X$	minimal couplings
$1^-$	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow X$	exotic vector
$1^+$	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow X$	exotic pseudovector

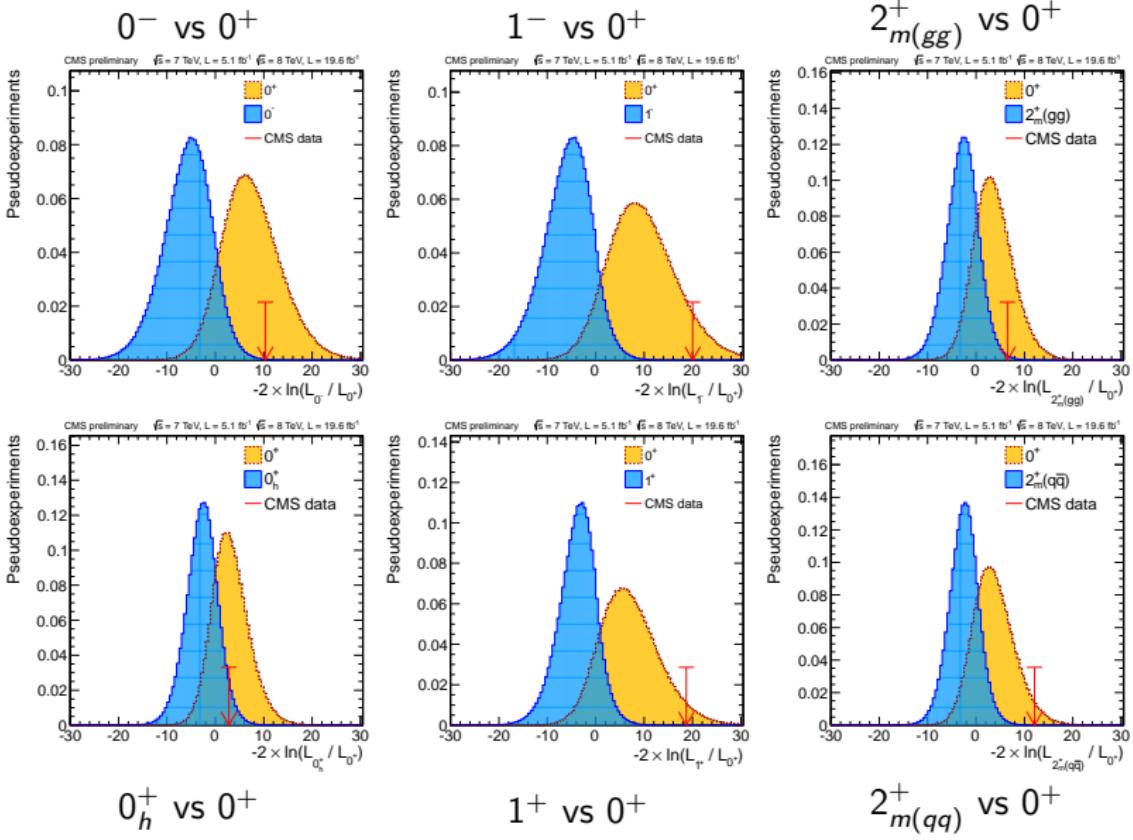
## Spin-Parity Distributions

$\mathcal{D}_{J^P}$  for  $\mathcal{D}_{\text{bkg}} > 0.5$



# Spin-Parity Separation

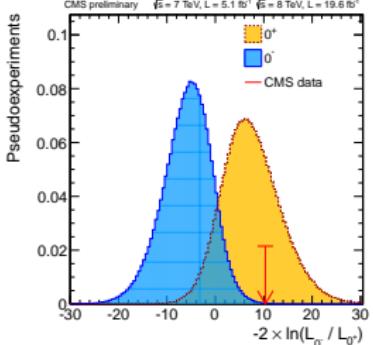
$$q = -2 \ln(\mathcal{L}_{JP}/\mathcal{L}_{SM})$$



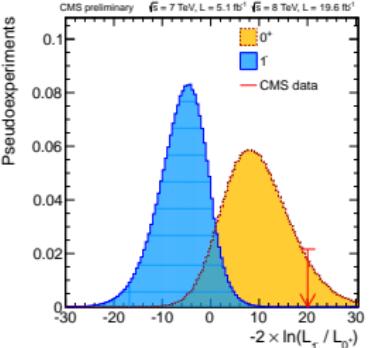
# Spin-Parity Separation

$$q = -2 \ln(\mathcal{L}_{JP}/\mathcal{L}_{SM})$$

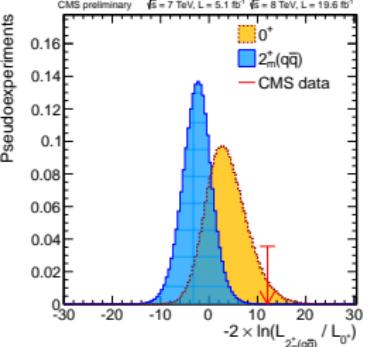
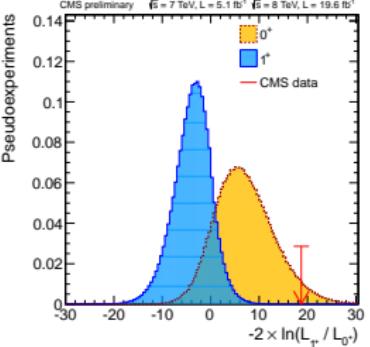
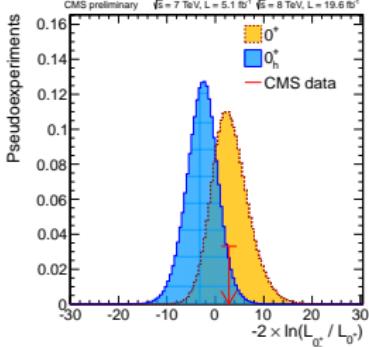
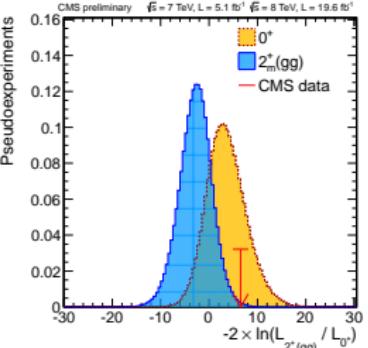
$0^-$ :  $3.4\sigma$ ( $2.4\sigma$ )



$1^-$  vs  $0^+$



$2^+_m(gg)$  vs  $0^+$



$0_h^+$  vs  $0^-$

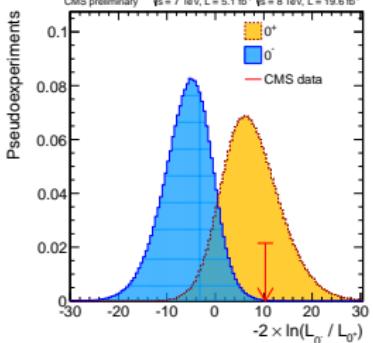
$1^+$  vs  $0^+$

$2^+_m(qq)$  vs  $0^+$

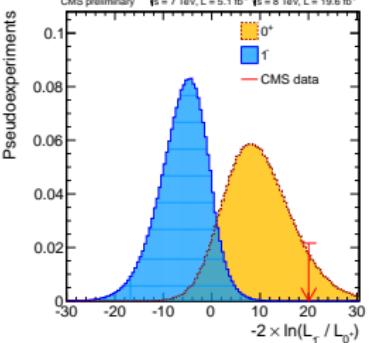
# Spin-Parity Separation

$$q = -2 \ln(\mathcal{L}_{JP}/\mathcal{L}_{SM})$$

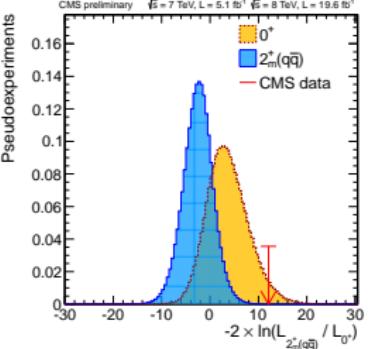
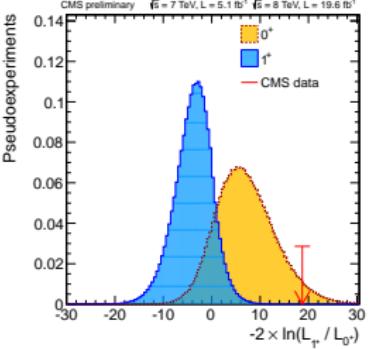
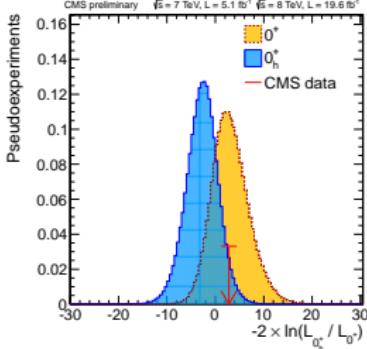
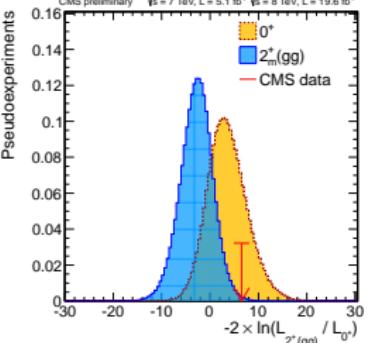
$0^-$ :  $3.4\sigma$ ( $2.4\sigma$ )



$1^-$ :  $> 4.0\sigma$ ( $2.8\sigma$ )



$2_m^{+}(gg)$  vs  $0^+$



$0_h^+$  vs  $0^+$

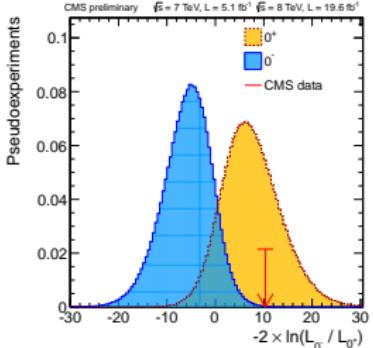
$1^+$  vs  $0^+$

$2_m^{+}(qq)$  vs  $0^+$

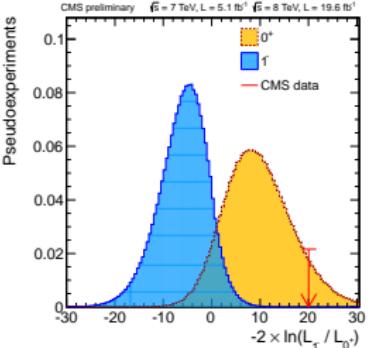
# Spin-Parity Separation

$$q = -2 \ln(\mathcal{L}_{JP}/\mathcal{L}_{SM})$$

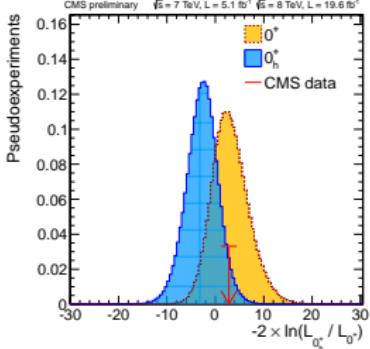
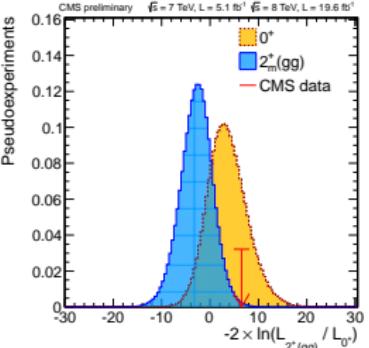
$0^-$ :  $3.4\sigma(2.4\sigma)$



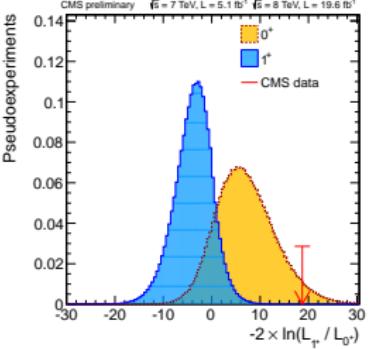
$1^-$ :  $> 4.0\sigma(2.8\sigma)$



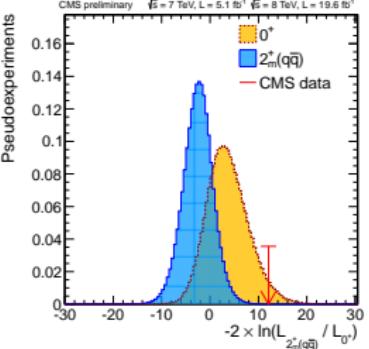
$2_m^{+}(gg)$ :  $2.8\sigma(1.7\sigma)$



$0_h^+$  vs  $0^+$



$1^+$  vs  $0^+$

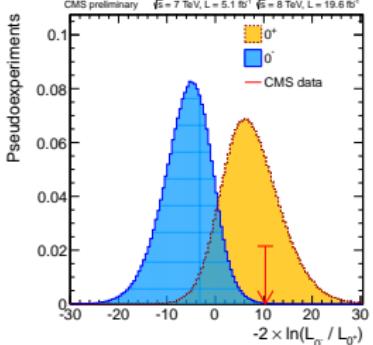


$2_m^{+(q\bar{q})}$  vs  $0^+$

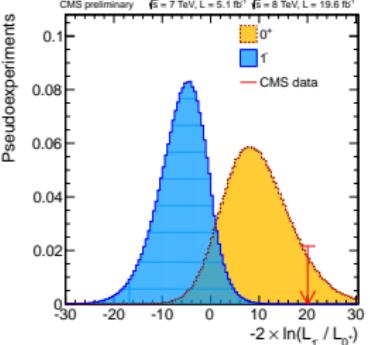
# Spin-Parity Separation

$$q = -2 \ln(\mathcal{L}_{JP}/\mathcal{L}_{SM})$$

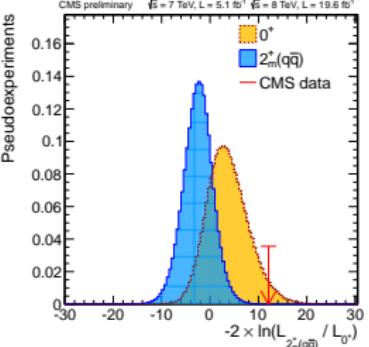
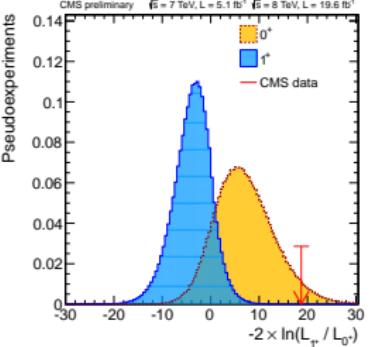
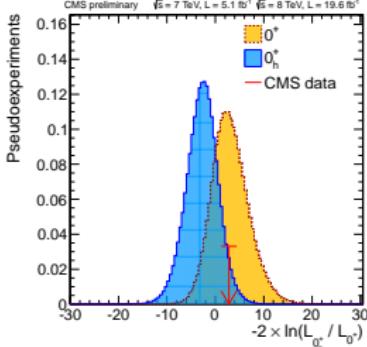
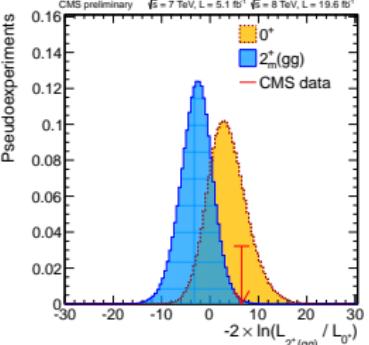
$0^-$ :  $3.4\sigma(2.4\sigma)$



$1^-$ :  $> 4.0\sigma(2.8\sigma)$



$2_m^{+}(gg)$ :  $2.8\sigma(1.7\sigma)$



$0_h^+$ :  $1.9\sigma(1.6\sigma)$

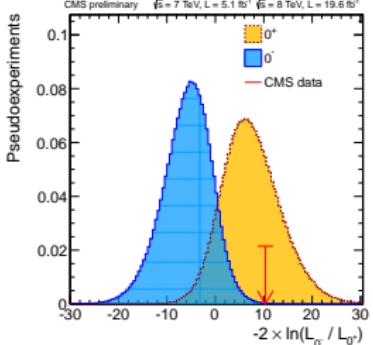
$1^+$  vs  $0^+$

$2_m^{+}(q\bar{q})$  vs  $0^+$

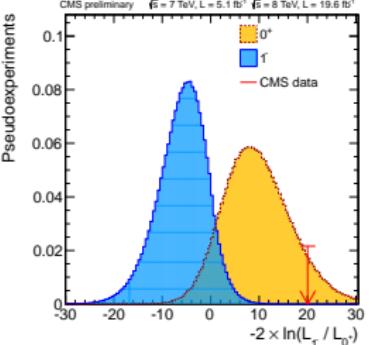
# Spin-Parity Separation

$$q = -2 \ln(\mathcal{L}_{JP}/\mathcal{L}_{SM})$$

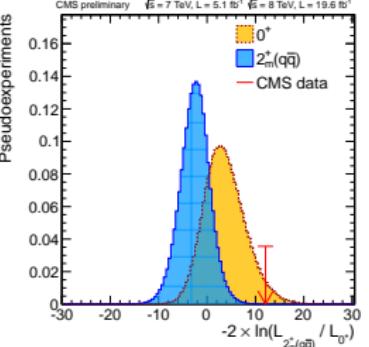
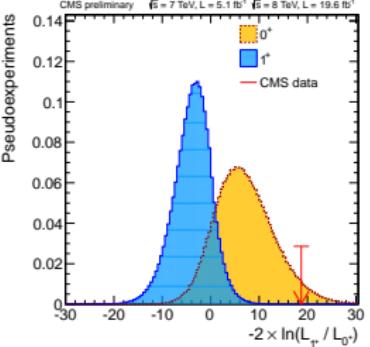
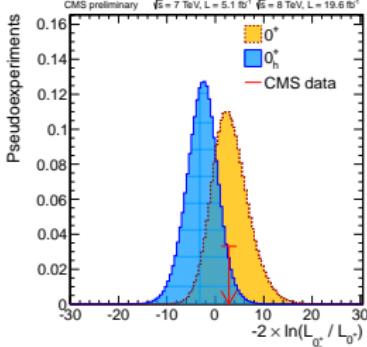
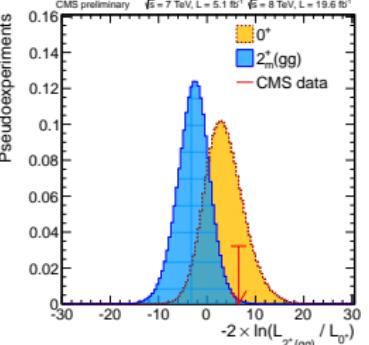
$0^-$ :  $3.4\sigma(2.4\sigma)$



$1^-$ :  $> 4.0\sigma(2.8\sigma)$



$2_m^{+}(gg)$ :  $2.8\sigma(1.7\sigma)$



$0_h^+$ :  $1.9\sigma(1.6\sigma)$

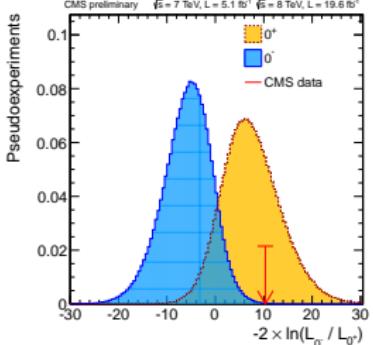
$1^+$ :  $> 4.0\sigma(2.2\sigma)$

$2_m^{+}(qq)$  vs  $0^+$

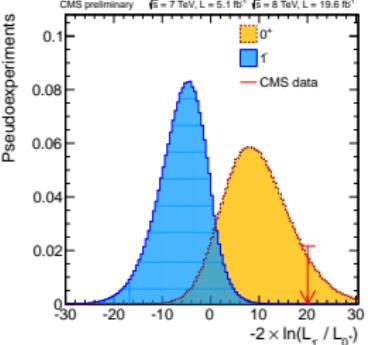
# Spin-Parity Separation

$$q = -2 \ln(\mathcal{L}_{JP}/\mathcal{L}_{SM})$$

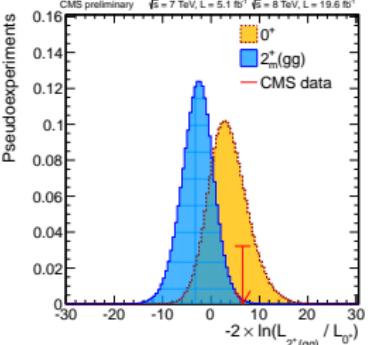
$0^-$ :  $3.4\sigma(2.4\sigma)$



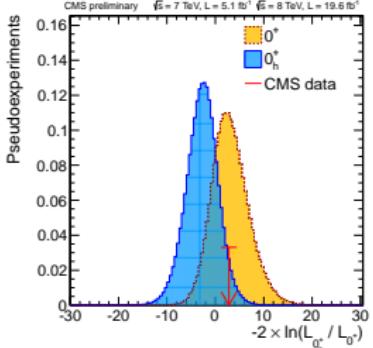
$1^-$ :  $> 4.0\sigma(2.8\sigma)$



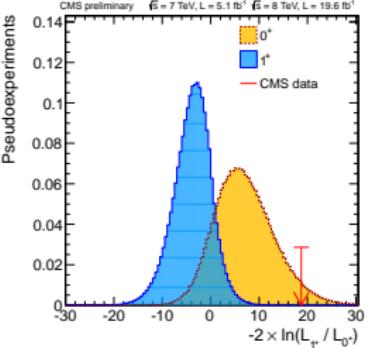
$2_m^{+}(gg)$ :  $2.8\sigma(1.7\sigma)$



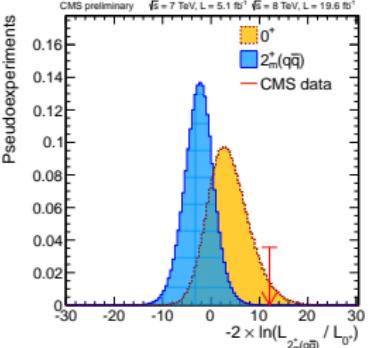
$0_h^+$ :  $1.9\sigma(1.6\sigma)$



$1^+$ :  $> 4.0\sigma(2.2\sigma)$



$2_m^{+}(q\bar{q})$ :  $3.8\sigma(1.7\sigma)$





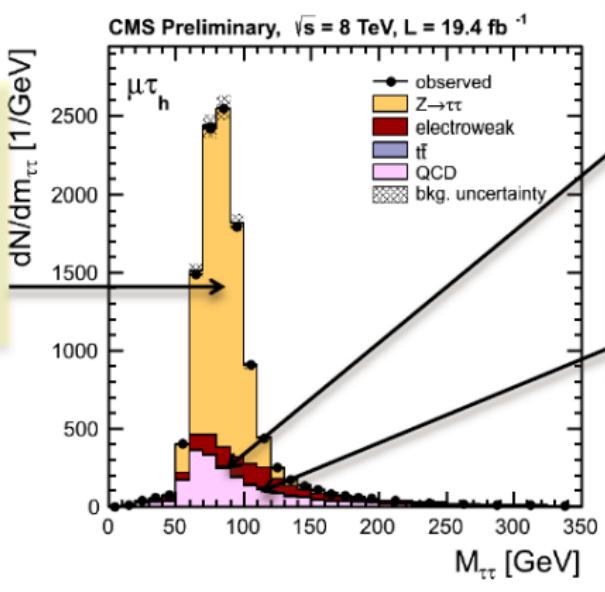
# Moriond 2013

- ▶  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- ▶  $G \rightarrow gg$

# Anatomy of the analysis

$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

**Embedding:**  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  data, replace  $\mu$  with simulated  $\tau$  decay  
Normalization from  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  data



$W+jets$

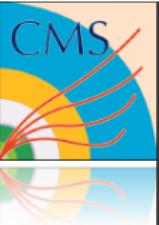
Shape from simulation  
Normalization from control region

QCD

SS data, corrected for SS/OS ratio

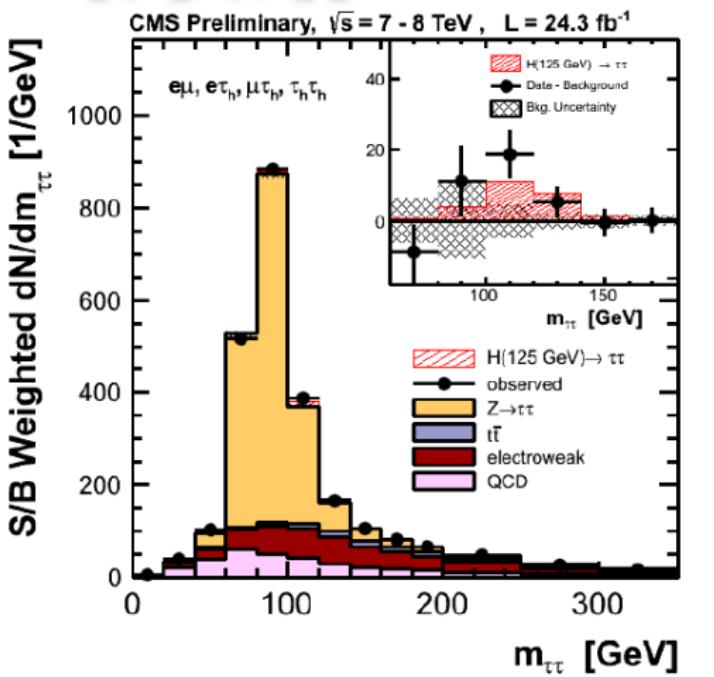
## Strategy:

- Select isolated, well-identified leptons,  $\tau_h$
- Topological cuts (e.g.  $m_T$  in  $\tau_h$ ,  $p_T(H)$  in  $\tau_h\tau_h$ ) to suppress backgrounds
- Categorize events based on number of jets,  $\tau p_T$
- Template fit to  $m_{\tau\tau}$  shape



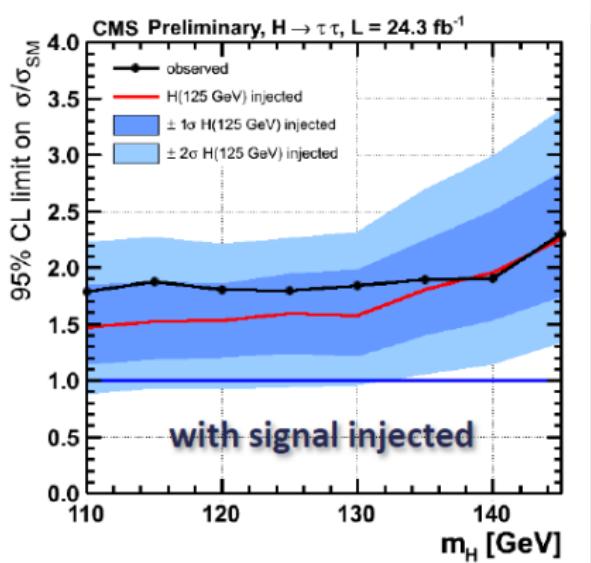
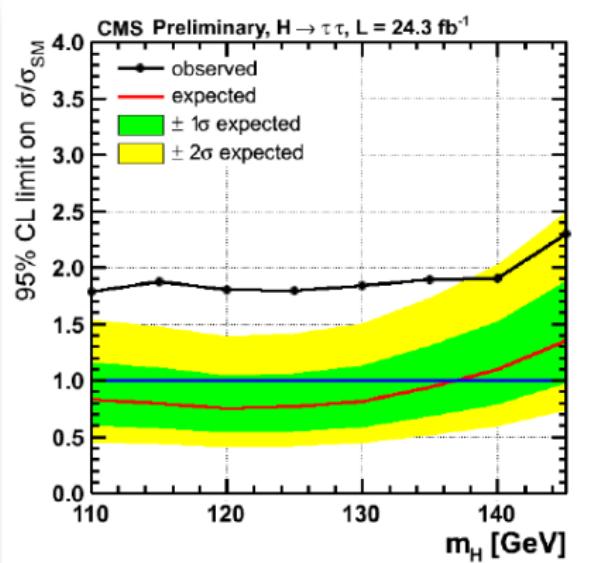
# Combined 1-jet and VBF

$e\tau_h, \mu\tau_h, e\mu, \tau_h\tau_h$



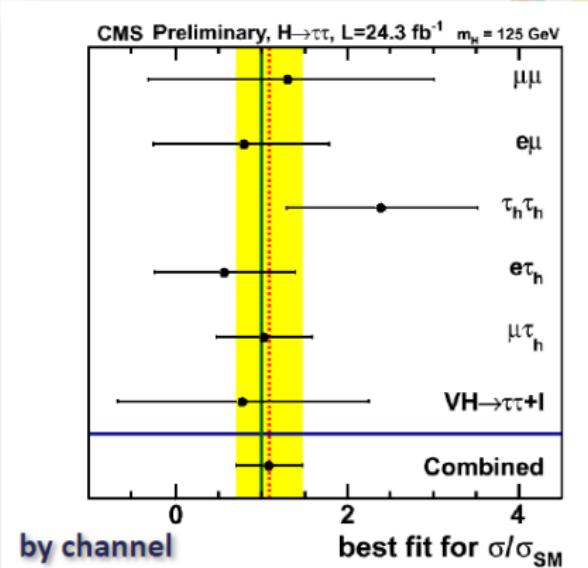
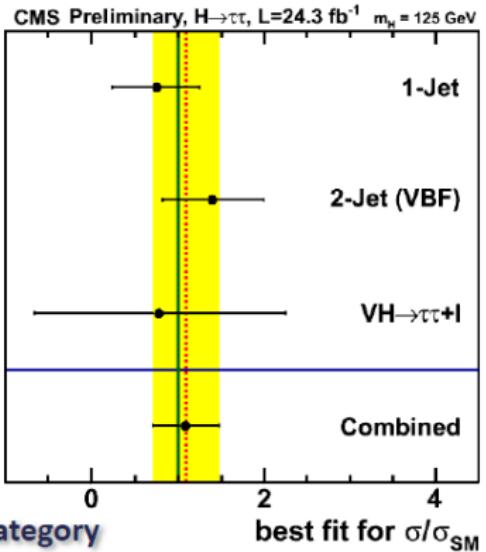
Combined channels and categories, each category in each channel weighted by its S/B

# Limits



Results consistent with expectation for background + SM scalar at 125 GeV

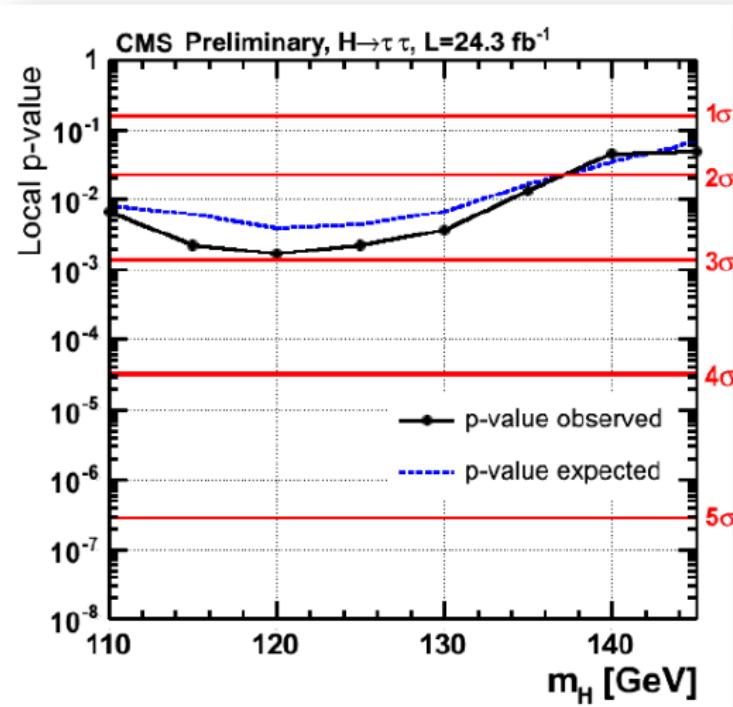
# Signal strength



- Consistent picture across channels and categories
- Combined best-fit  $\hat{\mu}$  of  **$1.1 \pm 0.4$**



# Significance



- Broad excess observed over range of  $m_H$
- Maximum local significance of **2.93 $\sigma$**  at 120 GeV, compatible with presence of 125 GeV SM scalar boson
- Observed (expected) significance of **2.85 $\sigma$**  (**2.62 $\sigma$** ) for  $m_H = 125$  GeV

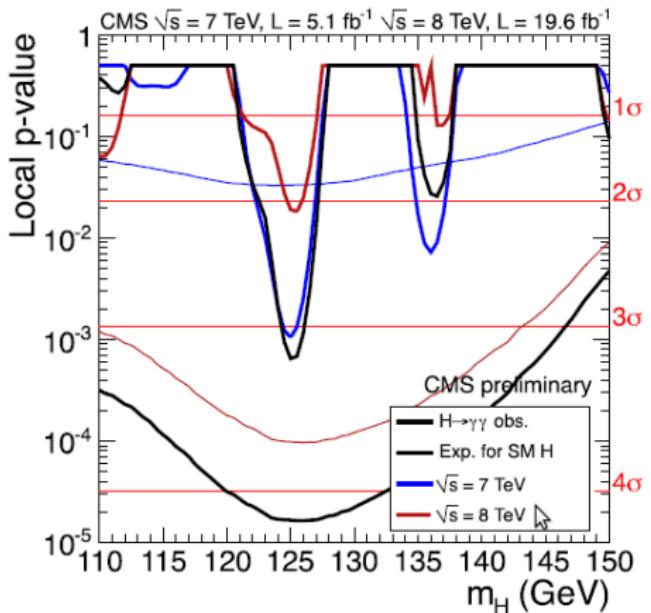
- Events are separated in exclusive categories with different S/B and resolution.
- Special “tagged” categories enriched in VBF and VH signal production.
  - Improve the sensitivity of the analysis for the coupling measurements.
- Background directly estimated from data
  - Fit the  $\gamma\gamma$  invariant mass in categories using polynomials (3rd-5th order)



- Two different analysis
  - Cut-based (CiC)
  - Multivariate (MVA): select and categorize events using a BDT
- Baseline result: MVA approach (~15% better expected sensitivity)

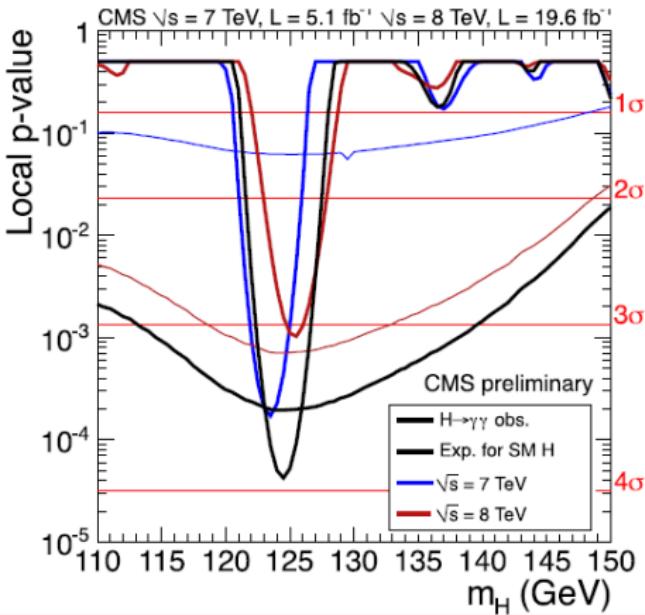
➤ In the following: results of the two analyses are shown side by side

## MVA mass-factorized



Significance @ 125.0 GeV: 3.2  $\sigma$  (4.2 exp.)

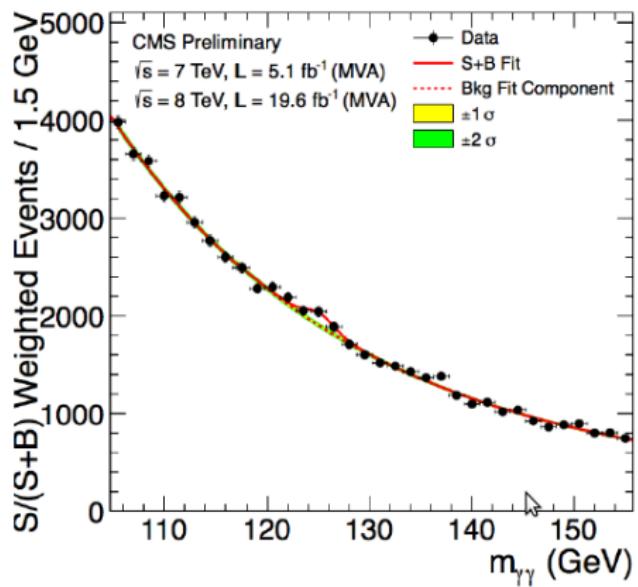
## Cut-based



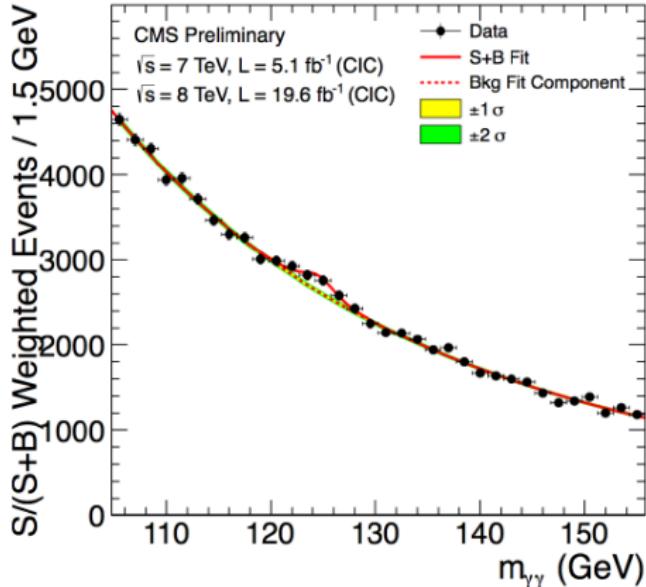
Significance @ 124.5 GeV: 3.9  $\sigma$  (3.5 exp.)

With additional data and new analysis: significance decreased compared to the published results

## MVA mass-factorized



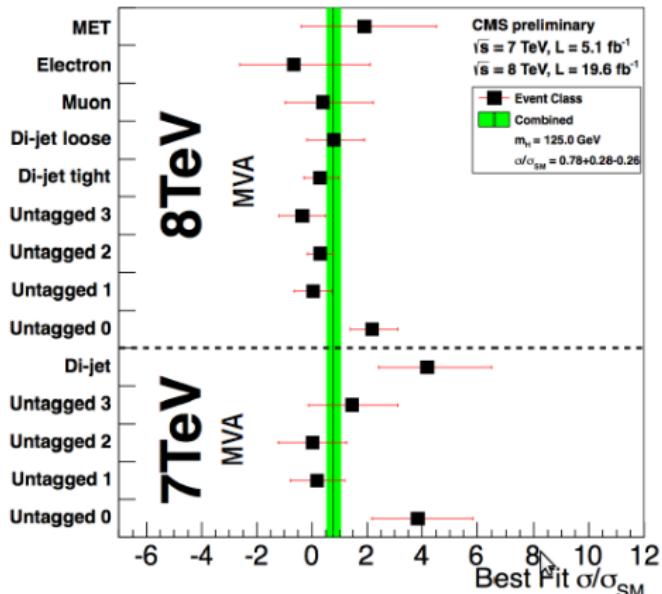
## Cut-based



Bump at  $\sim 125 \text{ GeV}$  consistent with expectations

Each event category is **weighted** by its S/(S+B) only  
 for visualization purpose

## MVA mass-factorized



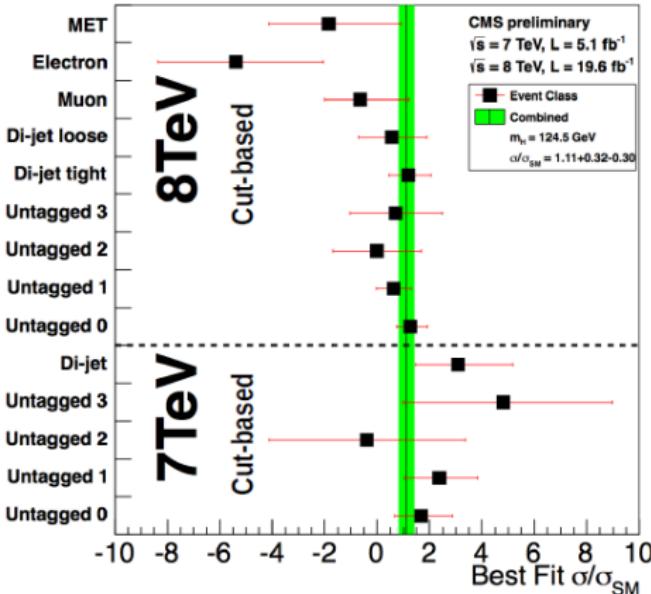
7+8 TeV:  $\sigma/\sigma_{\text{SM}} @ 125.0 \text{ GeV} = 0.78$

+0.28-0.26

7 TeV:  $\sigma/\sigma_{\text{SM}} @ 125.0 \text{ GeV} = 1.69 +0.65 -0.59$

8 TeV:  $\sigma/\sigma_{\text{SM}} @ 125.0 \text{ GeV} = 0.55 +0.29 -0.27$

## Cut-based



7+8 TeV:  $\sigma/\sigma_{\text{SM}} @ 124.5 \text{ GeV} = 1.11$

+0.32-0.30

7 TeV:  $\sigma/\sigma_{\text{SM}} @ 124.5 \text{ GeV} = 2.27 +0.80 -0.74$

8 TeV:  $\sigma/\sigma_{\text{SM}} @ 124.5 \text{ GeV} = 0.93 +0.34 -0.32$

- Despite the same names, the untagged categories in MVA and Cut-based are not equivalent

- Low signal to background ratio a fundamental feature of this channel
    - Uncertainty on signal strength driven by statistical fluctuations of the background
    - Analysis changes can lead to statistical changes due to fluctuations in selected events and their mass
  - The correlation coefficient between the MVA and cut-based signal strength measurements is found to be  $r=0.76$  (estimated using jackknife techniques)
- Signal strength compatibility  
(including correlation)**

MVA vs CiC 7+8 TeV	1.5 $\sigma$
MVA vs CiC 8 TeV only	1.8 $\sigma$
Updated MVA vs published (5.3/fb 8TeV)	1.6 $\sigma$
Updated CiC vs published (5.3/fb 8TeV)	0.5 $\sigma$

- Observed changes in results and differences between analyses are all **statistically compatible at less than 2 $\sigma$**

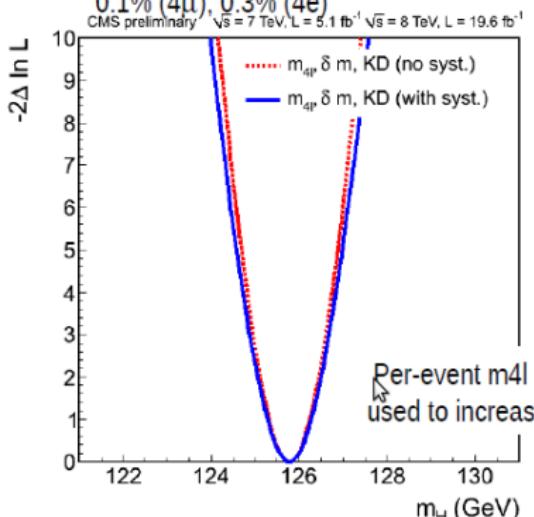
# Mass measurement

$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$

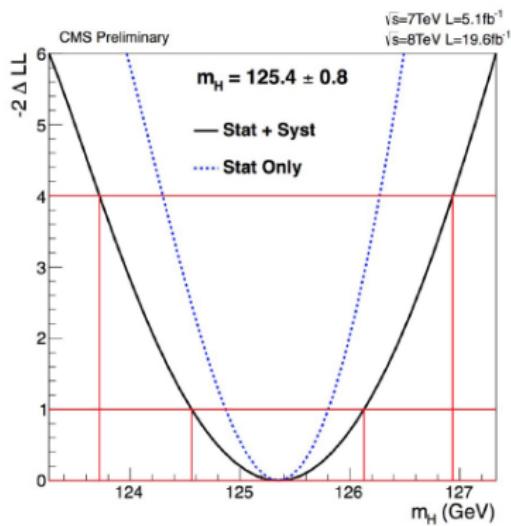
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- Lepton momentum scale & resolution validated with  $Z$ ,  $J/\psi$ , and  $\Upsilon \rightarrow ll$  samples.
- m4l uncertainties due to lepton scale:

0.1% ( $4\mu$ ), 0.3% ( $4e$ )



- Systematic errors dominated by overall photon energy scale: 0.47% (mostly coming from extrapolation from  $Z \rightarrow H$  and  $e \rightarrow \gamma$ )



Measurements in the two channels are well compatible.

# Summary

## Conclusions

- ▶ The LHC has had a tremendously successful 3 years of operation
- ▶ The CMS experiment has successfully analyzed  $\sim 25 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  of data
- ▶ A new boson has been detected by ATLAS and CMS with spin and parity very consistent with the Standard Model Higgs boson

## Thanks to ...

# Summary

## Conclusions

- ▶ The LHC has had a tremendously successful 3 years of operation
- ▶ The CMS experiment has successfully analyzed  $\sim 25 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  of data
- ▶ A new boson has been detected by ATLAS and CMS with spin and parity very consistent with the Standard Model Higgs boson

## Thanks to ...

- ▶ the colleagues of LHC for operating such a wonderful machine

# Summary

## Conclusions

- ▶ The LHC has had a tremendously successful 3 years of operation
- ▶ The CMS experiment has successfully analyzed  $\sim 25 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  of data
- ▶ A new boson has been detected by ATLAS and CMS with spin and parity very consistent with the Standard Model Higgs boson

## Thanks to ...

- ▶ the colleagues of LHC for operating such a wonderful machine
- ▶ the colleagues of CMS for making CMS such a wonderful experiment

# Summary

## Conclusions

- ▶ The LHC has had a tremendously successful 3 years of operation
- ▶ The CMS experiment has successfully analyzed  $\sim 25 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  of data
- ▶ A new boson has been detected by ATLAS and CMS with spin and parity very consistent with the Standard Model Higgs boson

## Thanks to ...

- ▶ the colleagues of LHC for operating such a wonderful machine
- ▶ the colleagues of CMS for making CMS such a wonderful experiment
- ▶ the colleagues I stole some slides from

# Summary

## Conclusions

- ▶ The LHC has had a tremendously successful 3 years of operation
- ▶ The CMS experiment has successfully analyzed  $\sim 25 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  of data
- ▶ A new boson has been detected by ATLAS and CMS with spin and parity very consistent with the Standard Model Higgs boson

## Thanks to ...

- ▶ the colleagues of LHC for operating such a wonderful machine
- ▶ the colleagues of CMS for making CMS such a wonderful experiment
- ▶ the colleagues I stole some slides from
- ▶ the CMS team in BUAP for inviting me

# Summary

## Conclusions

- ▶ The LHC has had a tremendously successful 3 years of operation
- ▶ The CMS experiment has successfully analyzed  $\sim 25 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  of data
- ▶ A new boson has been detected by ATLAS and CMS with spin and parity very consistent with the Standard Model Higgs boson

## Thanks to ...

- ▶ the colleagues of LHC for operating such a wonderful machine
- ▶ the colleagues of CMS for making CMS such a wonderful experiment
- ▶ the colleagues I stole some slides from
- ▶ the CMS team in BUAP for inviting me
- ▶ you for all attention

## Sources

- ▶ CMS Results ::

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResults>

- ▶  $H \rightarrow 4\ell$  :: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/Hig13002TWiki>

- ▶  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  :: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/Hig13004TWiki>

- ▶ Moriond EWK ::

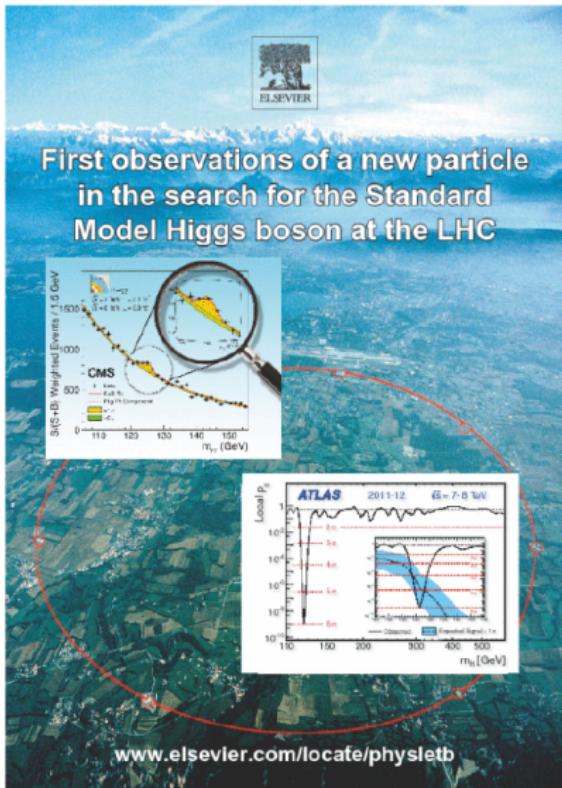
<https://indico.in2p3.fr/conferenceOtherViews.py?view=standard&confId=7411>

- ▶ Moriond QCD ::

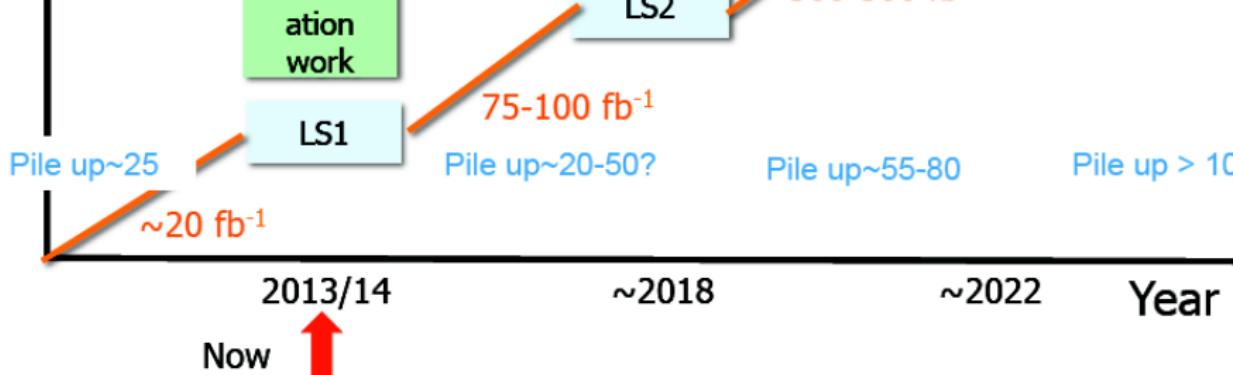
<http://moriond.in2p3.fr/QCD/2013/MorQCD13Prog.html>

## Presentations

- ▶ M. Chamizo Llatas – Aspen 2013 – The CMS Detector
- ▶ V. Dutta – Moriond 2013 –  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- ▶ C. Ochando – Moriond 2013 –  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



# Appendix



Higgs Quo Vadis March 2013

Maria Chamizo Llatas

# LHC Consolidation Works 2013-2014



## The main 2013-14 LHC consolidations

1695 Openings and final reclosures of the interconnections

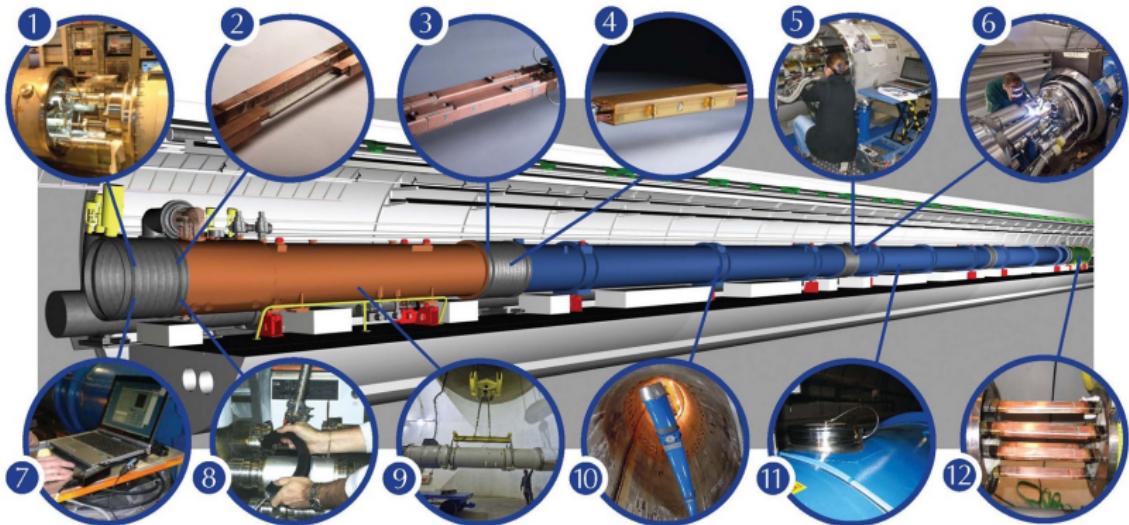
Complete reconstruction of 1500 of these splices

Consolidation of the 10170 13kA splices, installing 27 000 shunts

Installation of 5000 consolidated electrical insulation systems

300 000 electrical resistance measurements

10170 orbital welding of stainless steel lines



18 000 electrical Quality Assurance tests

10170 leak tightness tests

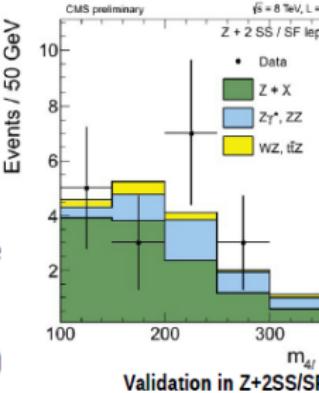
4 quadrupole magnets to be replaced

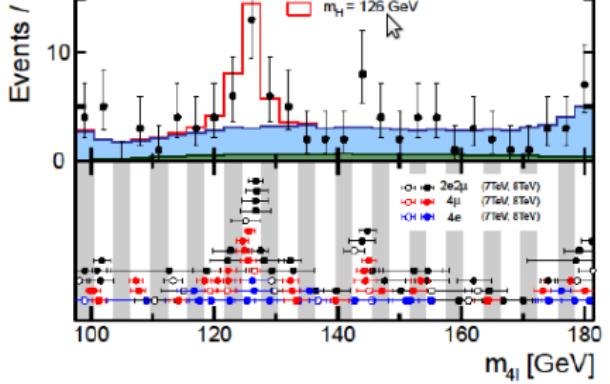
15 dipole magnets to be replaced

Installation of 612 pressure relief devices to bring the total to 1344

Consolidation of the 13 kA circuits in the 16 main electrical feed-boxes

- Extrapolation to signal region:
  - SS/OS factor from MC, cross-checked with data
  - lepton mis-identified probability (corrected for difference in composition of converted photon between CR & sample to extract misID probability)
- Validation:** samples with relaxed charged and/or flavor requirements
- Final estimate:** combination of the two methods  
(yields in control regions & part of the uncertainties un-correlated)

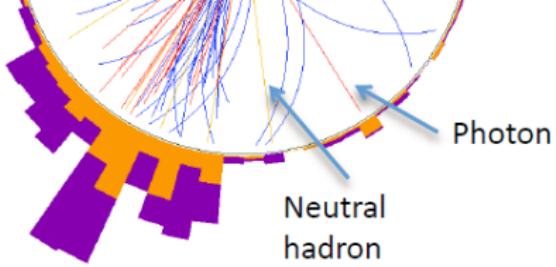




$110 < m_{4l} < 160 \text{ GeV}$

Channel	$4e$	$4\mu$	$2e2\mu$	$2\mu2e$
$ZZ$ background	$6.6 \pm 0.8$	$13.8 \pm 1.0$	$18.1 \pm 1.3$	$3.0 \pm 0.4$
$Z + X$	$2.5 \pm 1.0$	$1.6 \pm 0.6$	$4.0 \pm 1.6$	$0.8 \pm 0.3$
All background expected	$9.1 \pm 1.3$	$15.4 \pm 1.2$	$22.0 \pm 2.0$	$4.8 \pm 1.4$
$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$	$3.5 \pm 0.5$	$6.8 \pm 0.8$	$8.9 \pm 1.0$	$1.7 \pm 0.3$
$m_H = 126 \text{ GeV}$	$3.9 \pm 0.6$	$7.4 \pm 0.9$	$9.8 \pm 1.1$	$2.2 \pm 0.4$
Observed	16	23	32	4.2

List of reconstructed particles: can be used like a list of stable particles from a generator



Also use these  
particles to  
reconstruct tau  
decays, lepton and  
photon isolation



$$\overrightarrow{\text{MET}} = - \sum_{\text{particles}}$$